

WEB APPENDIX

9 Additional Details on the Timing of the Earnings Observations and Degree Completion

This section provides additional details on the timing of earnings observations and degree completions in the data. Column 1 of Table A6 panel B reports the unweighted mean and the 10th, 25th, 50th, 75th, and 90th quantiles of the number of years from BA completion for earnings observations that precede graduate school enrollment for men. The 10th, 50th, and 90th quantiles are 1 (the minimum), 5, and 12. More than 90% of pre-graduate school earnings observations occur between 1 and 5 years before completion of the advanced degree (column 2). Column 3 reports that the 10th, 50th, and 90th quantiles of time from advanced degree completion to post advanced degree earnings observations, which are 2, 11, and 26.⁴² Thus, we have good coverage of the post graduate degree period. Finally, column 4 presents time from BA to advanced degree completion for those who obtained a graduate degree. This column does not condition on the availability of a pre-graduate degree earnings observation. The 10th, median and 90th quantiles are 2, 5, and 12. The values for women in panel C are very similar, except that the distribution of time since advanced degree is higher for men by 2.4 years on average (column 3).

Appendix Table A7 panels B and C present the unweighted age distribution of the earnings observations for men and for women. The first column refers to the full sample. For men, the 10th, 50th and 90th quantiles are 27, 39, and 54 (panel B). The 10th, median and 90th quantiles of the age distribution of the 5,450 pre-graduate degree observations of men with a graduate degree by the last interview are 24, 28, and 37 (column 3). The mean is 29.4. These individuals are younger and have a more condensed distribution than those who only have a BA when last observed (column 2). The fourth column reports the age distribution of the post advanced degree earnings observations. The 10th, 50th, and 90th percentiles are 28, 40, and 54. The values for women are similar, although they are about two years younger.

10 Additional Results by Graduate Degree

MA in Health Services Administration, and Public Administration

We next consider two other management and administration related degrees. In the case of health services administration, the FEcg and OLS estimates of γ_g for a master's in health administration are similar and large: 0.283 (0.088) and 0.304 (0.027). For men, the FEcg estimate is 0.232 (0.112) while the OLS value is 0.283 (0.042), which is close to the value for women. When we allow the returns to vary with experience, the returns grow over the first 15 years before leveling out (see Figure A2 (g)-(j)).

For women, the FEcg estimates of the wage and hours effects indicate that wages account for almost the entire increase in earnings. The OLS estimates suggest that the wage effect is about 5.5 times as large as the hours effect. Overall, the evidence suggests hours plays only a modest role in the earnings effect. Occupational changes play a larger role, with the occupational premium accounting for around 25 percent of the log earnings gain for women and 40% for men in the FEcg specification, with slightly higher estimates for OLS.

⁴²Column 5 shows that the number of post-advanced degree earnings observations for individuals with both pre and post advanced degree observations is only 5,310 for men and 4,040 for women. This is a key reason why we do not present FE estimates.

Next, we consider public administration. For women, the FEcg and OLS estimates of γ_g for public administration are 0.176 (0.060) and 0.242 (0.031). For men, the corresponding estimates are 0.218 (0.069) and 0.137 (0.027). Given sampling error, we view the results for public administration and health services administration to be broadly similar, though the point estimates for health services administration are somewhat larger. The occupation returns are also similar, with the exception that the FEcg occupational premium for women is -0.001 (0.055). Both the FEcg and OLS estimates of the effects of public administration on the wage rate are close to the estimates of the effect on earnings, with little of the effect coming from changes in hours.⁴³

Biology/Agriculture/Environmental Sciences and Physical Sciences

For women, the FEcg and OLS estimates of γ_g for master's degrees in biology, agricultural, environmental and life sciences are 0.198 (.068) and 0.074 (0.014). The gap between the FEcg and OLS estimates is even larger for γ_{x1-28} : 0.276 (0.068) versus 0.121 (0.016). These differences are even larger for men, where the FEcg and OLS estimates of γ_g are 0.274 (0.064) and -0.049 (0.017), and the estimates of γ_{x1-28} are 0.348 (0.065) and -0.021 (0.018). Almost all of the return is coming from increased wage rates, with small and largely statistically insignificant estimates on log hour and log occupational premium for both women and men.

The physical sciences also have a large gap between the FEcg and OLS estimates, especially for men. The FEcg and OLS estimates are 0.156 (0.071) and 0.118 (0.025) for women, and 0.268 (0.062) and 0.049 (0.017) for men. The γ_{g1-28} estimates are 0.03 to 0.09 larger and, as shown in Figure A2 (e) and (f), the returns are initially small, but grow rapidly with the first 14 years of experience, and then level off. For both the biology, agricultural, and environmental life sciences degree and the physical sciences degree, there are only small and largely statistically insignificant effects on both log hours and on occupational premiums.

Other Business Related Fields

The business-related master's degree category consists of financial management (54.1%), business marketing and business management (19.0%) and accounting (18.5%), with smaller shares for agricultural economics, marketing research, other agricultural business and production, and actuarial science (not reported).⁴⁴ Similar to the results for MBAs, we find that OLS estimates are systematically higher than the FEcg estimates. We also find that the estimates for other business related fields are somewhat larger than those for MBAs.

The return to a business-related master's degree are reported in Row 3 of Table 2. For women, the FEcg and OLS estimates are 0.273 (0.066) and 0.371 (0.022), and for men they are 0.210 (0.051) and 0.335 (0.013), which are 0.06 to 0.10 larger than the values for an MBA. For both women and men, the FEcg estimates of γ_{gx} rise steadily over the first 20 years after graduate school and then level off. The OLS estimates follow the same pattern (Figures A2 (k) and A2 (l)). The FEcg estimates of γ_g^{occ} suggest that only a small part of the return operates through the occupational premium. As is the case with an MBA, the OLS estimates of γ_g^{occ} are much higher, especially for women (0.138 (0.008)). For women, the FEcg estimates of the occupational premium rise from 0.005 (0.025) to 0.073 (0.050) after 28 years of post graduate school experience. The OLS

⁴³For men the OLS estimate of the wage effect is 0.146 (0.023), slightly above the earnings effect estimate. The FEcg estimate of the wage effect is 0.313 (0.083), which is well above the earnings effect (0.218). Given that the hours effect estimates are near 0, we attribute the difference to sampling error, and again point out that the earnings estimates make use of data on both current earnings and annual earnings for the prior year, while observations for the prior year are not available for the other outcomes.

⁴⁴See Online Appendix Tables A1 and A3 for the breakdown by gender.

estimates follow the same pattern, but the base is elevated by about 0.12. The profiles of γ_{gx}^{occ} for men are similar.

Other Science/Engineering Related Fields

We also present estimates for the “Other Science/Engineering Related Fields” category. It is dominated by architecture and environmental design (70.5%), though it also contains electrical and electronic technologies, engineering technologies, and industrial production technologies. For women, the FEcg estimate of γ_g is only 0.051 (0.092) but is very noisy. The estimate of γ_{g1-28} is 0.131 (0.094). The corresponding FEcg estimates for men are near zero, with the standard error of about 0.049. The OLS estimate of γ_g is 0.137 (0.038) for women and 0.077 (0.021) for men. When we allow returns to vary with experience, we find relatively steep slopes for both men and women, with initial returns near zero for women and negative for men. Overall, the estimated return to other science and engineering related fields is modest. It ranks below high earnings degrees, such as law, business, or medicine, as well as degrees in the middle of the earnings distribution, such as public administration, social science, or education.

Not Science or Engineering Related

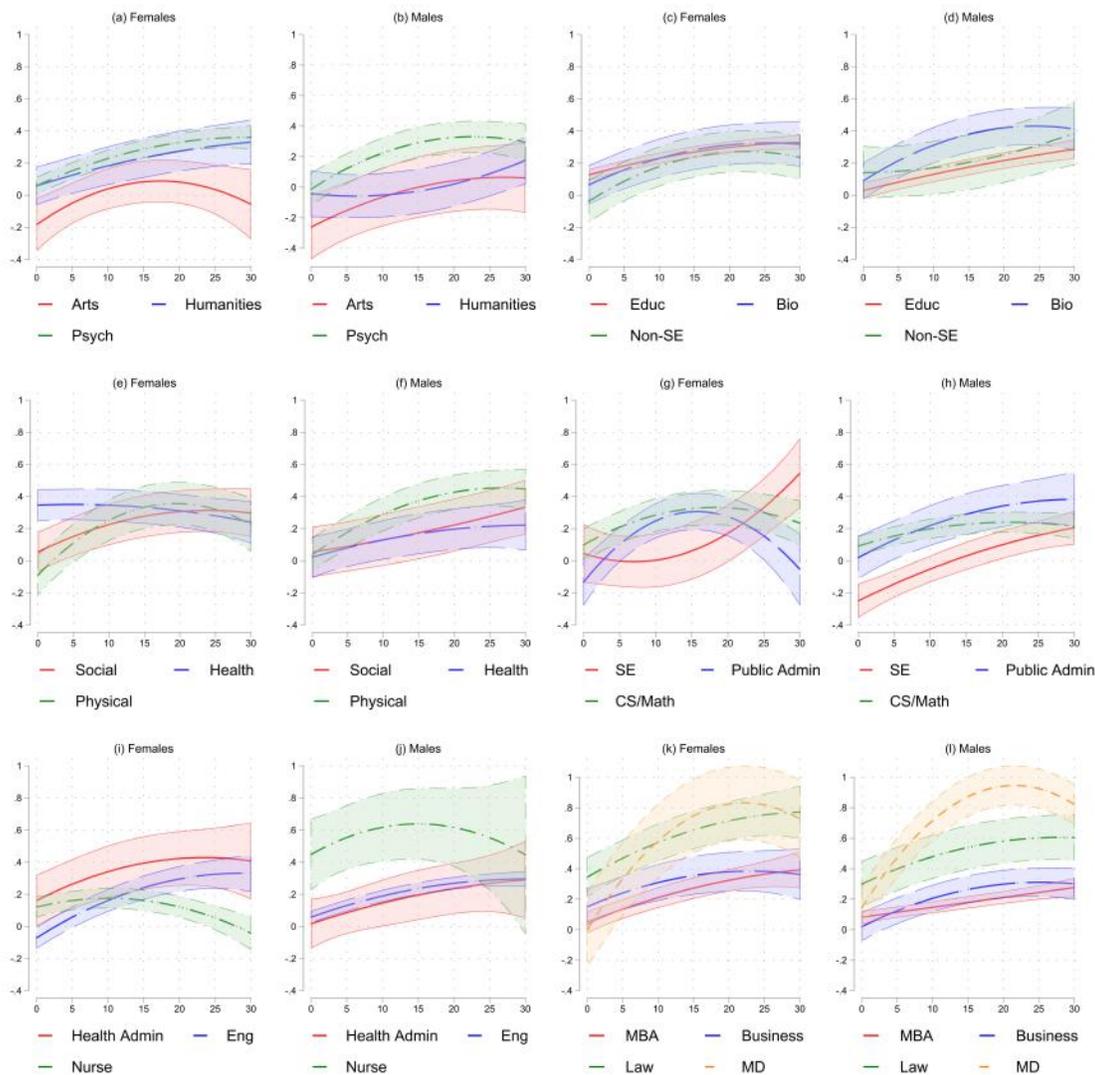
The “Not science or engineering related” group consists of communications (12.0%), library science (36.5%), criminal justice/protective services (16.5%), and journalism (9.4%). The results are qualitatively similar to the results for psychology and social work. The FEcg estimate is well above the OLS estimate, especially for men, though the standard errors on the FEcg estimate are large for this degree, especially for men.

Social Sciences

The FEcg estimate for a social science master’s (excluding psychology) is 0.168 (0.071) for women and 0.135 (0.091) for men. The corresponding OLS estimates are 0.161 (0.015) and 0.084 (0.019) respectively. The γ_{g1-28} estimates are similar though somewhat larger for both men and women. The estimates of γ_{gx} increase with years since graduate school from a low base, with the convex shape for men and a concave shape for women. The FEcg estimates suggest that occupation contributes about 0.05 to the earnings effect, although the estimates are noisy.

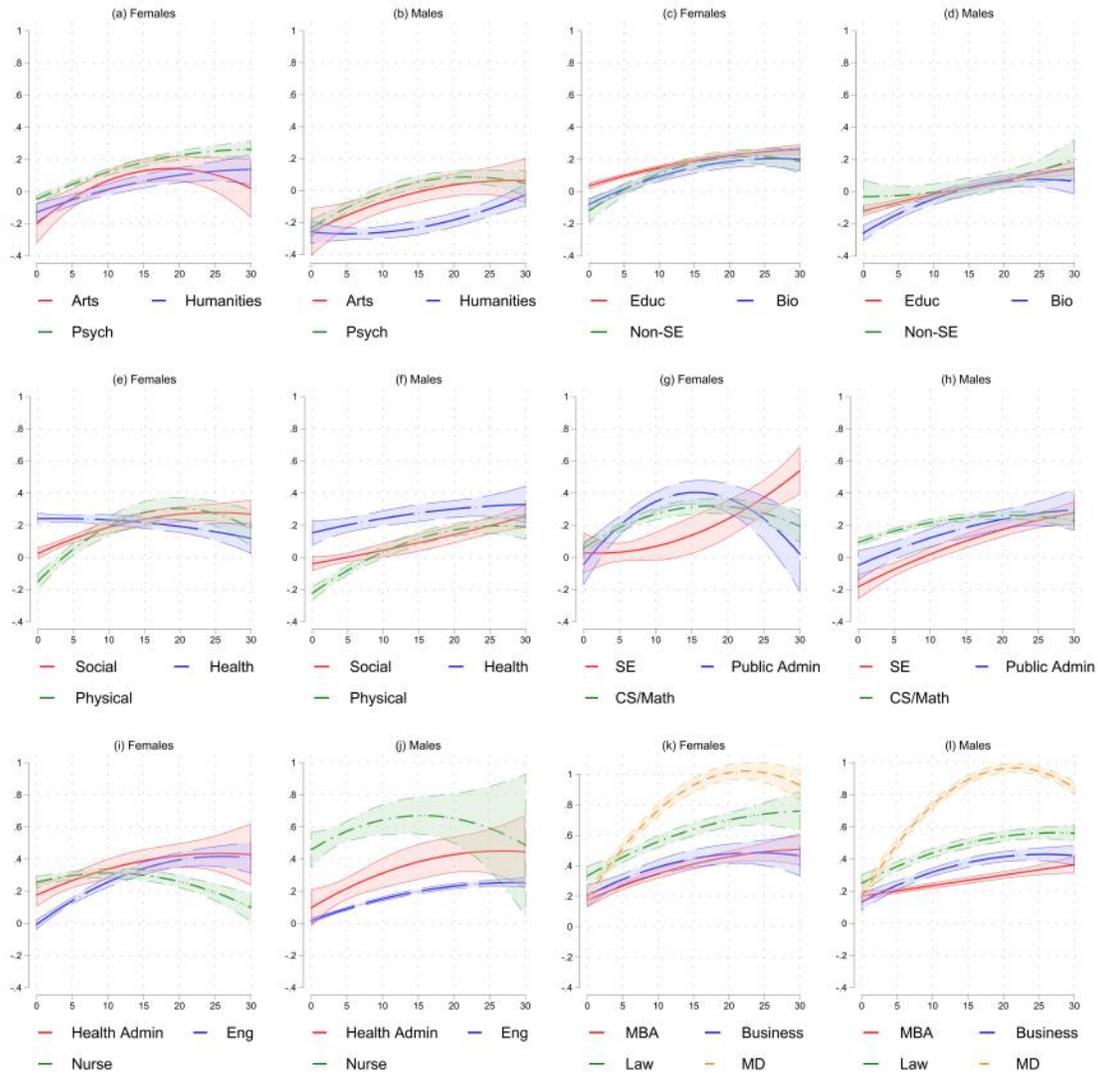
11 Additional Figures

Figure A1: FE_{CG} Estimates of experience-specific returns to log earnings for graduates degrees.



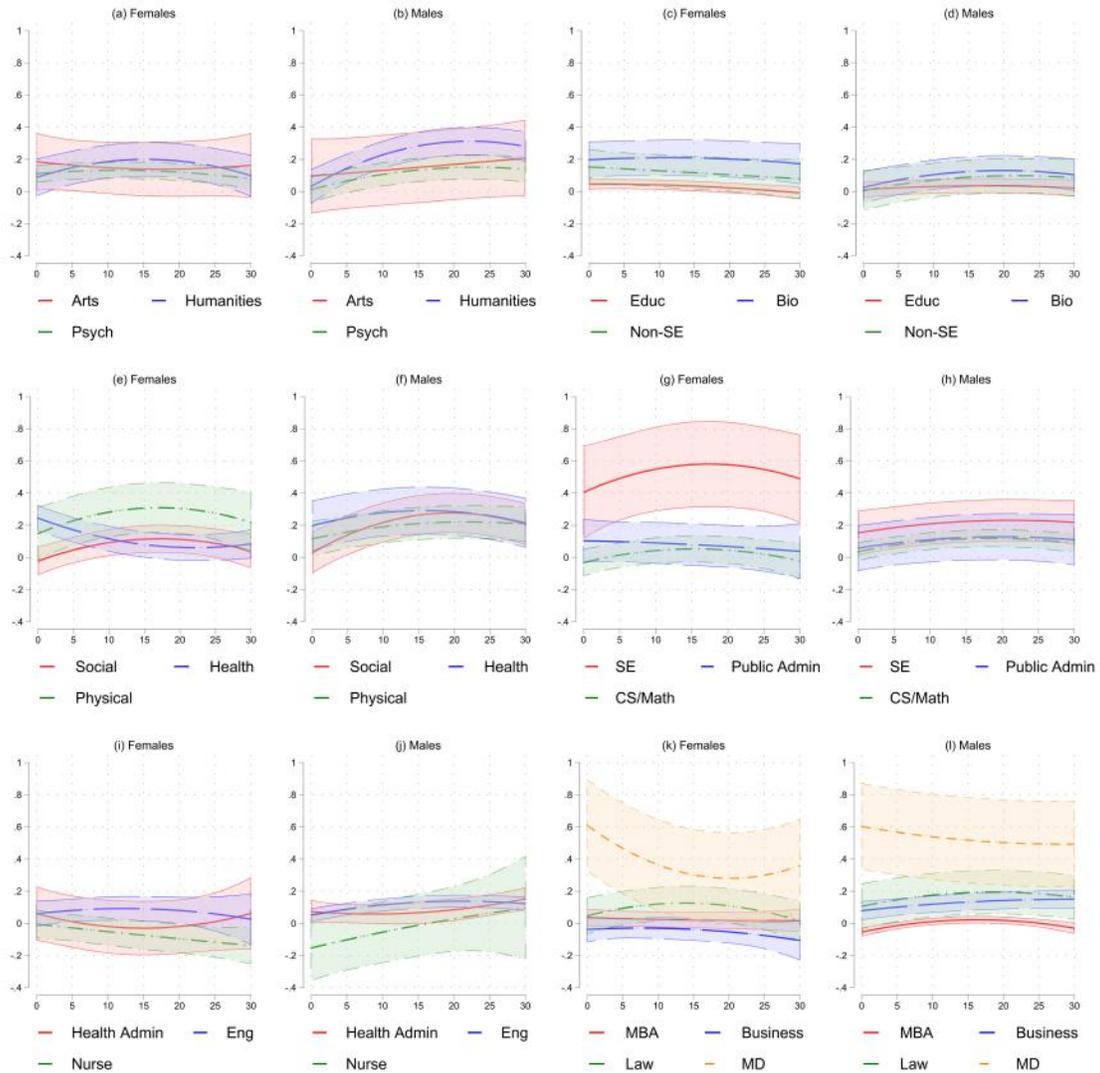
Notes: The figure reports the experience-specific FE_{CG} returns to log earnings for each graduate degree for males and females. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The regressions include dummies for each BA field (OLS only) and each advanced degree, as well as race/Hispanic, parental education, the year, a cubic in age, and interactions between a cubic in age and BA field. Estimates are based on equation (4). Each sub-panel shows estimates for three to four graduate degrees for either men or women. The confidence bands show 90 percent confidence intervals.

Figure A2: OLS Estimates of experience-specific returns to log earnings for graduates degrees.



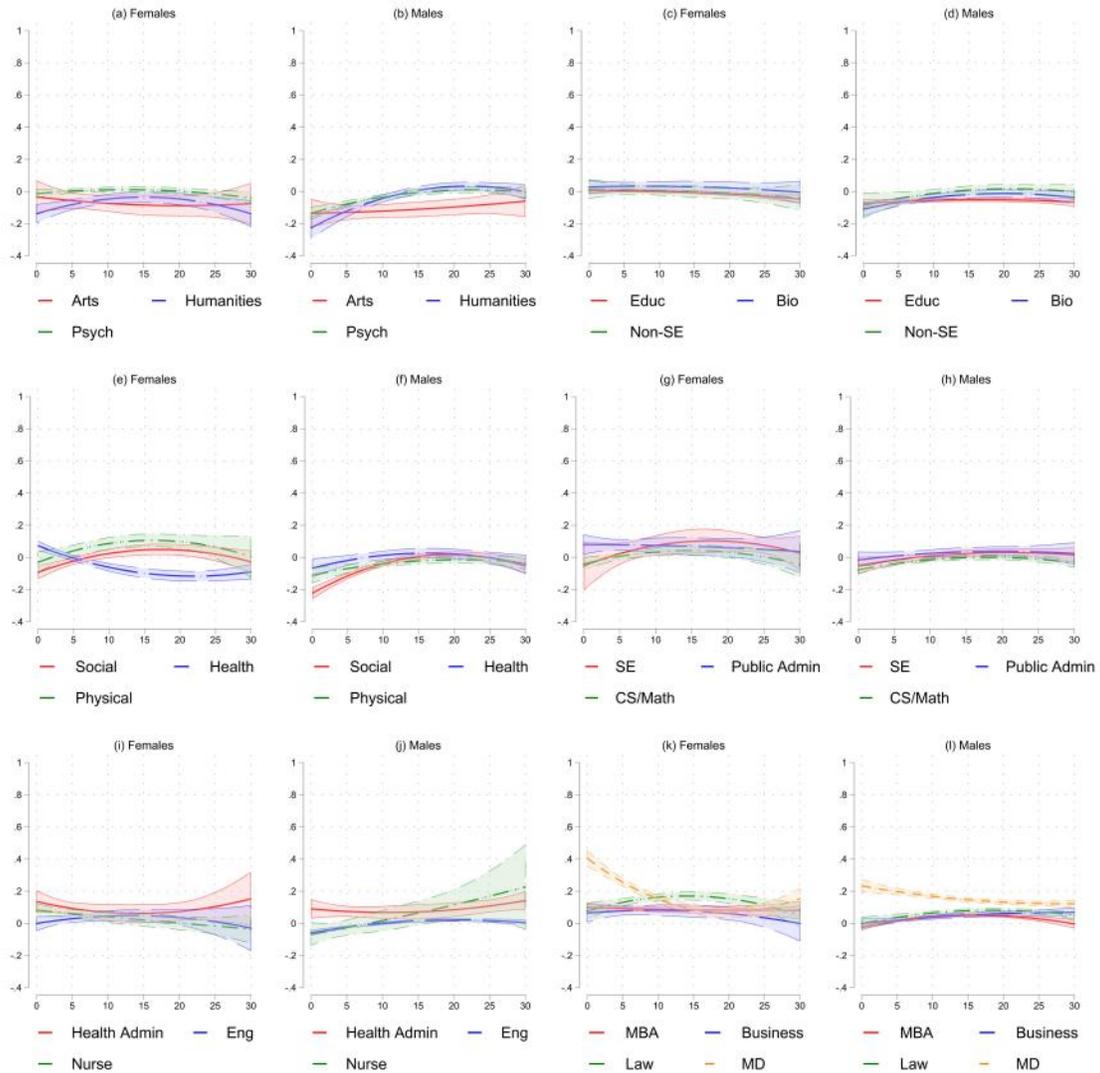
Notes: The figure reports the experience-specific OLS returns to log earnings for each graduate degree for males and females. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The regressions include dummies for each BA field (OLS only) and each advanced degree, as well as race/Hispanic, parental education, the year, a cubic in age, and interactions between a cubic in age and BA field. Estimates are based on equation (4) with degree combination fixed effects excluded. Each sub-panel shows estimates for three to four graduate degrees for either men or women. The confidence bands show 90 percent confidence intervals.

Figure A3: FEG Estimates of experience-specific returns to log hours for graduates degrees.



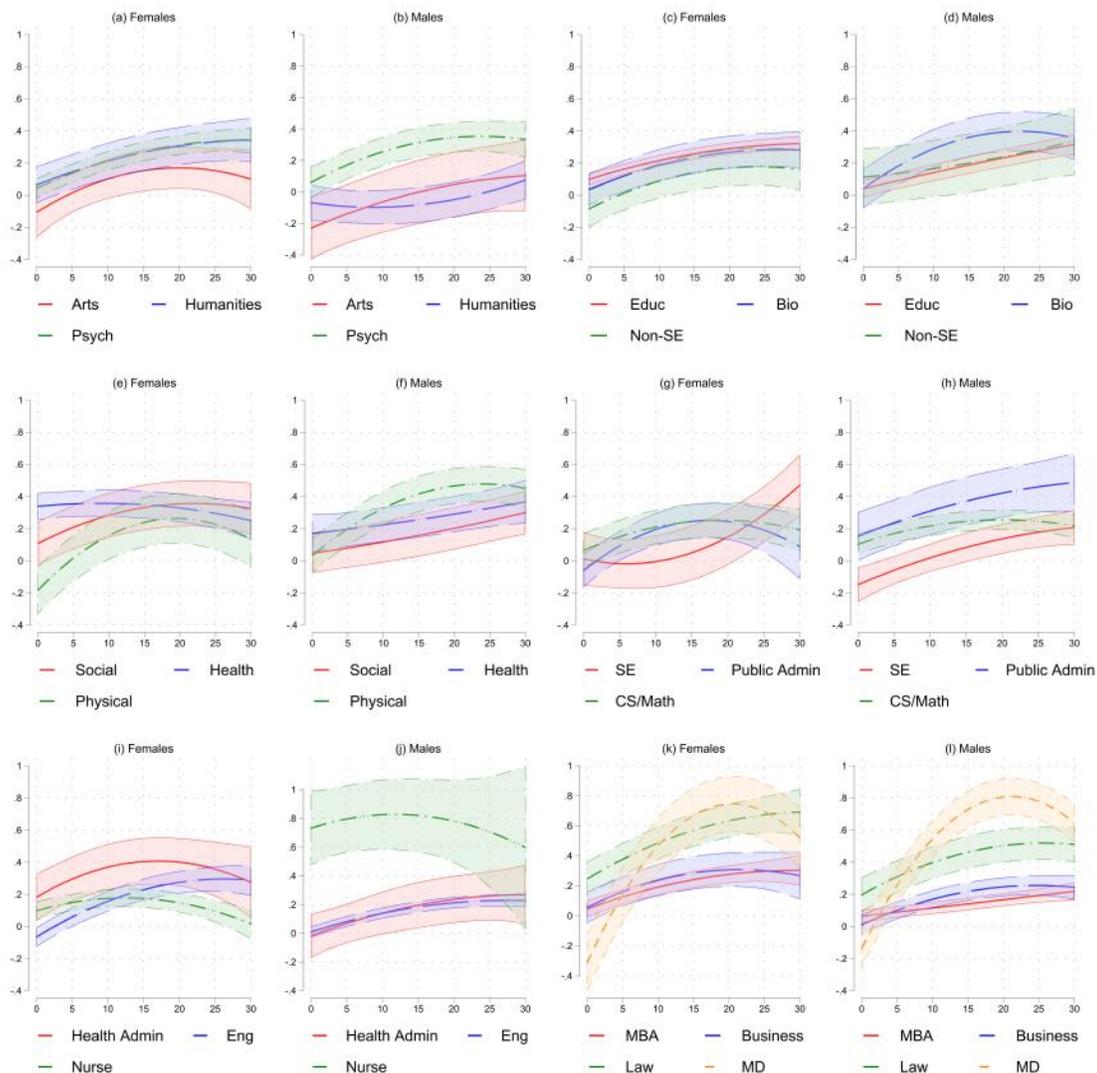
Notes: The figure reports the experience-specific FEG returns to log hour for each graduate degree for males and females. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The regressions include dummies for each BA field (OLS only) and each advanced degree, as well as race/Hispanic, parental education, the year, a cubic in age, and interactions between a cubic in age and BA field. Estimates are based on equation (4) with degree combination fixed effects excluded. Each sub-panel shows estimates for three to four graduate degrees for either men or women. The confidence bands show 90 percent confidence intervals.

Figure A4: OLS Estimates of experience-specific returns to log hours for graduates degrees.



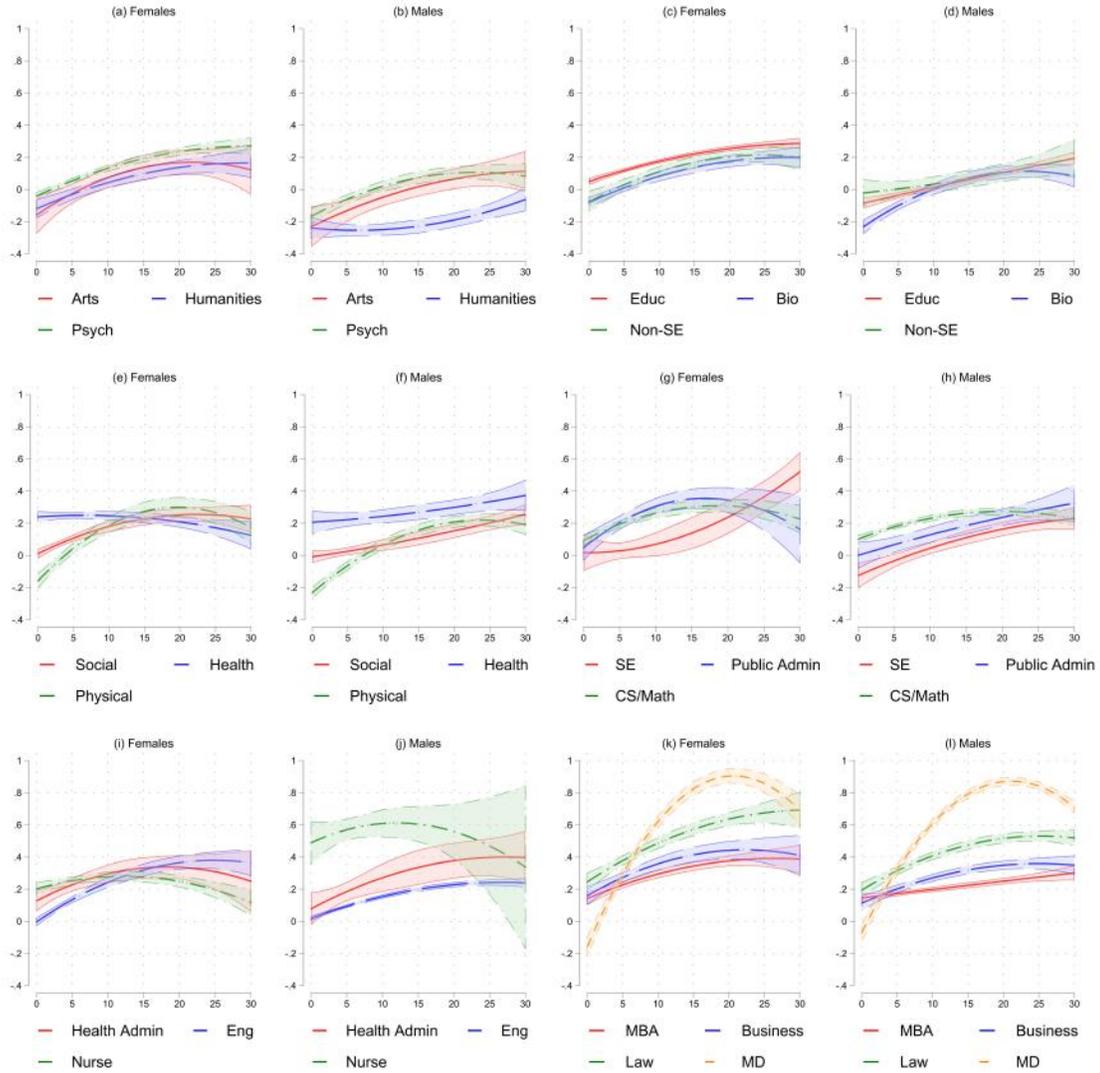
Notes: The figure reports the experience-specific OLS returns to log hour for each graduate degree for males and females. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The regressions include dummies for each BA field (OLS only) and each advanced degree, as well as race/Hispanic, parental education, the year, a cubic in age, and interactions between a cubic in age and BA field. Estimates are based on equation (4) with degree combination fixed effects excluded. Each sub-panel shows estimates for three to four graduate degrees for either men or women. The confidence bands show 90 percent confidence intervals.

Figure A5: FEcg Estimates of experience-specific returns to hourly wage for graduates degrees.



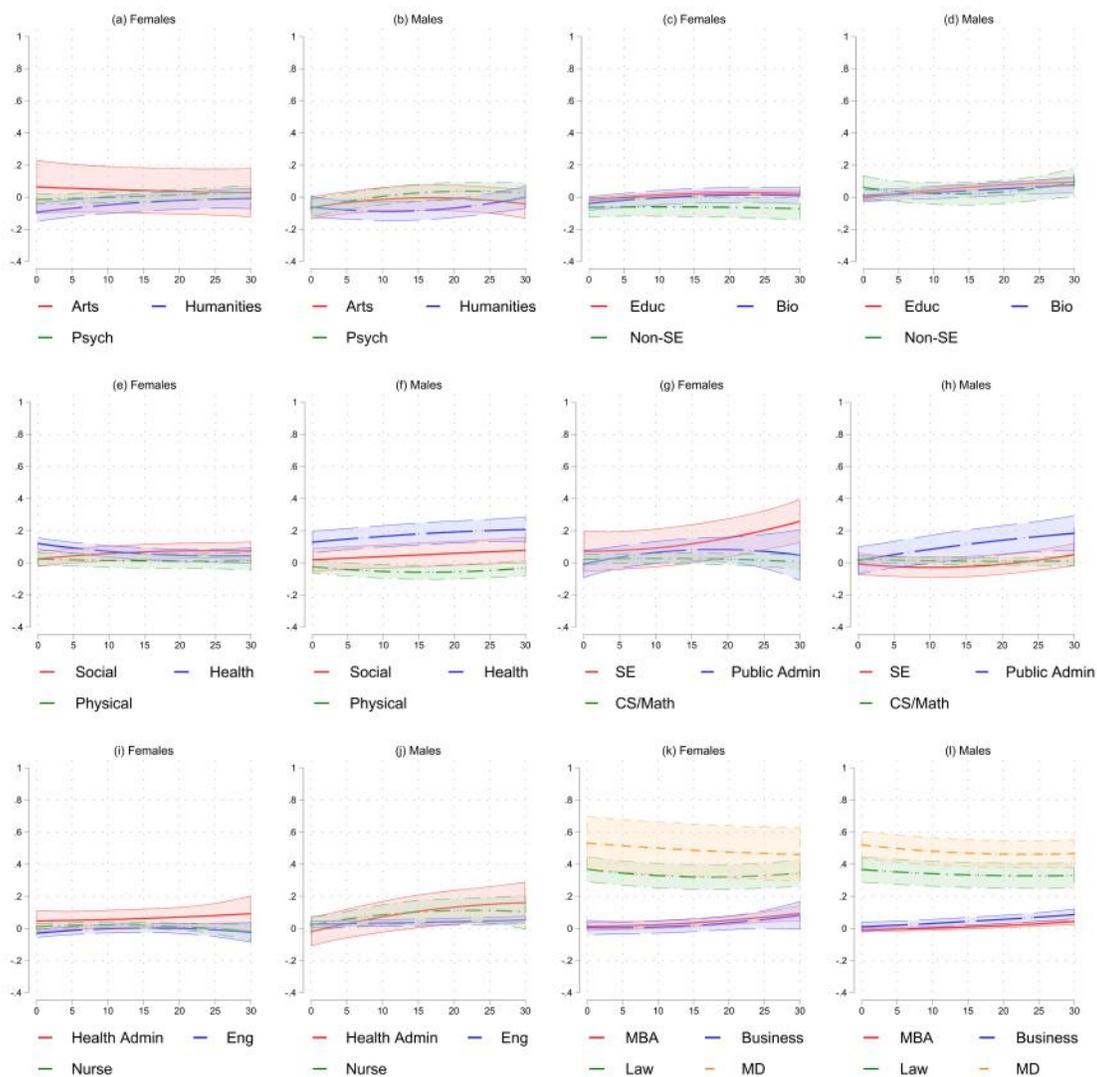
Notes: The figure reports the experience-specific FEcg returns to log hourly wage for each graduate degree for males and females. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The regressions include dummies for each BA field (OLS only) and each advanced degree, as well as race/Hispanic, parental education, the year, a cubic in age, and interactions between a cubic in age and BA field. Estimates are based on equation (4). Each sub-panel shows estimates for three to four graduate degrees for either men or women. The confidence bands show 90 percent confidence intervals.

Figure A6: OLS Estimates of experience-specific returns to log hourly wage for graduates degrees.



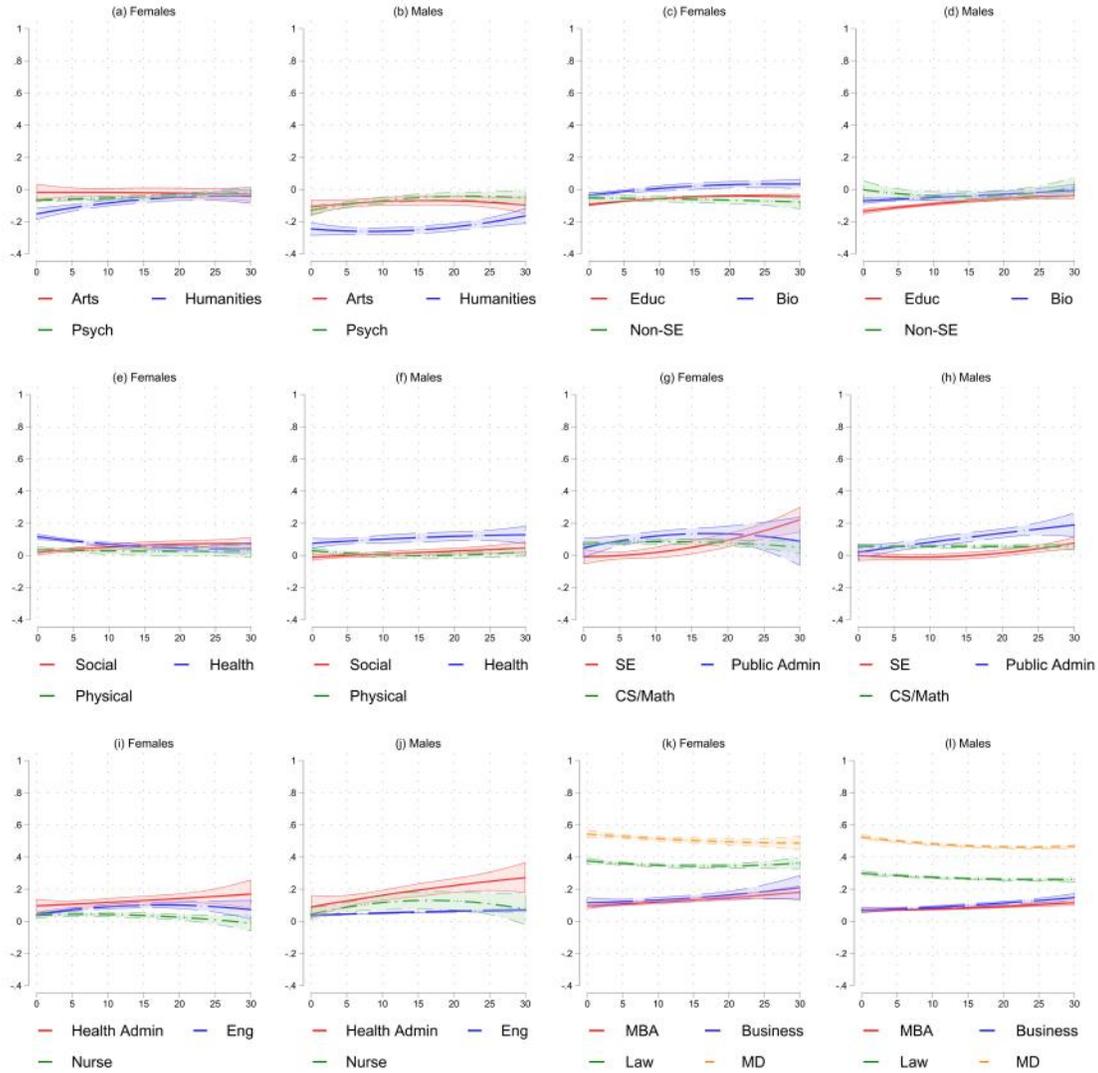
Notes: The figure reports the experience-specific OLS returns to log hourly wage for each graduate degree for males and females. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The regressions include dummies for each BA field (OLS only) and each advanced degree, as well as race/Hispanic, parental education, the year, a cubic in age, and interactions between a cubic in age and BA field. Estimates are based on equation (4) with degree combination fixed effects excluded. Each sub-panel shows estimates for three to four graduate degrees for either men or women. The confidence bands show 90 percent confidence intervals.

Figure A7: FEcg Estimates of experience-specific returns to occupation premium for graduates degrees.



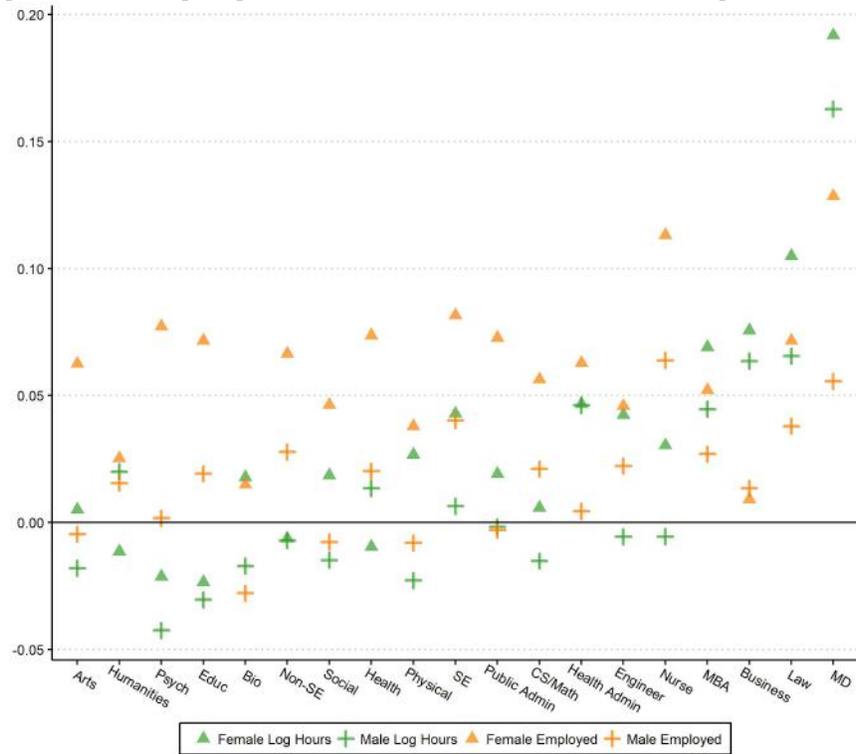
Notes: The figure reports the experience-specific FEcg returns to occupation premium for each graduate degree for males and females. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The regressions include dummies for each BA field (OLS only) and each advanced degree, as well as race/Hispanic, parental education, the year, a cubic in age, and interactions between a cubic in age and BA field. Estimates are based on equation (4). Each sub-panel shows estimates for three to four graduate degrees for either men or women. The confidence bands show 90 percent confidence intervals.

Figure A8: OLS Estimates of experience-specific returns to occupation premium for graduates degrees.



The figure reports the experience-specific OLS returns to occupation premium for each graduate degree for males and females. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The regressions include dummies for each BA field (OLS only) and each advanced degree, as well as race/Hispanic, parental education, the year, a cubic in age, and interactions between a cubic in age and BA field. Estimates are based on equation (4) with degree combination fixed effects excluded. Each sub-panel shows estimates for three to four graduate degrees for either men or women. The confidence bands show 90 percent confidence intervals.

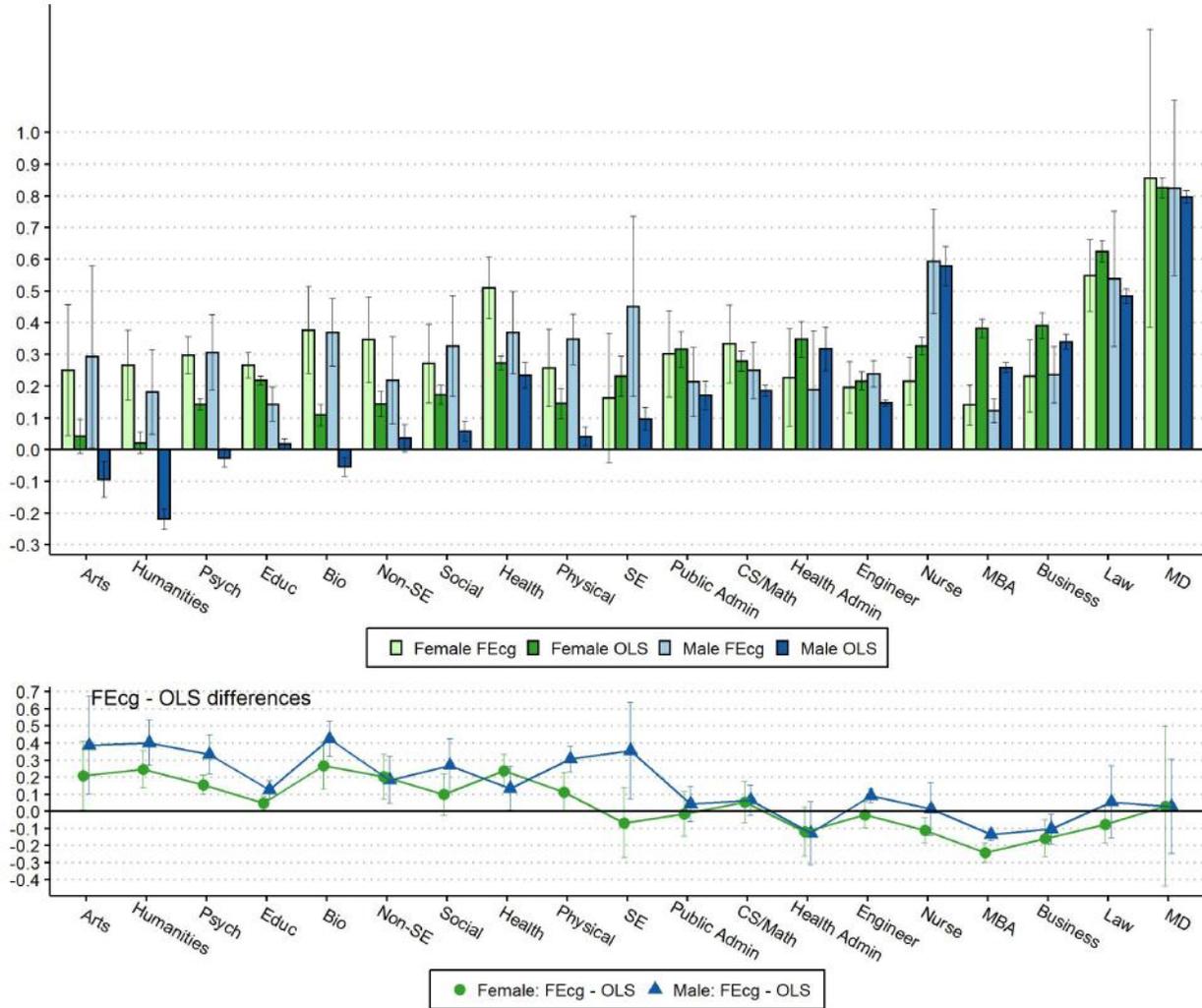
Figure A9: Average log hours and employment probabilities by graduate field



Notes: The figure shows the average difference in various outcomes between graduate degree holders and college graduates for 19 different graduate degrees. The orange triangles and crosses show the average difference in employment for females and males. The green triangles and crosses show the average difference in log hours worked for full-time females and males.

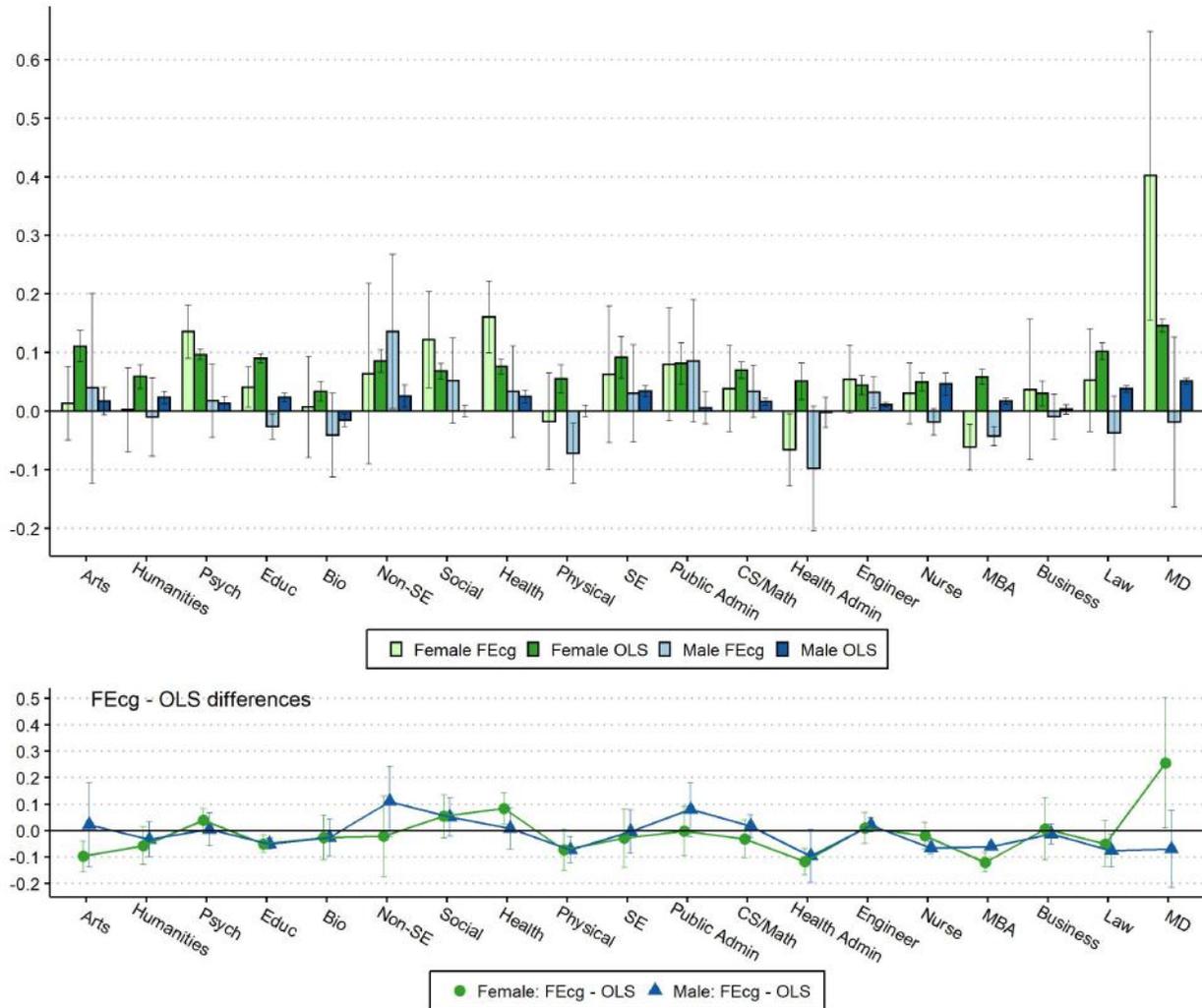
A10

Figure A10: The effects of graduate degrees on log earnings, all workers



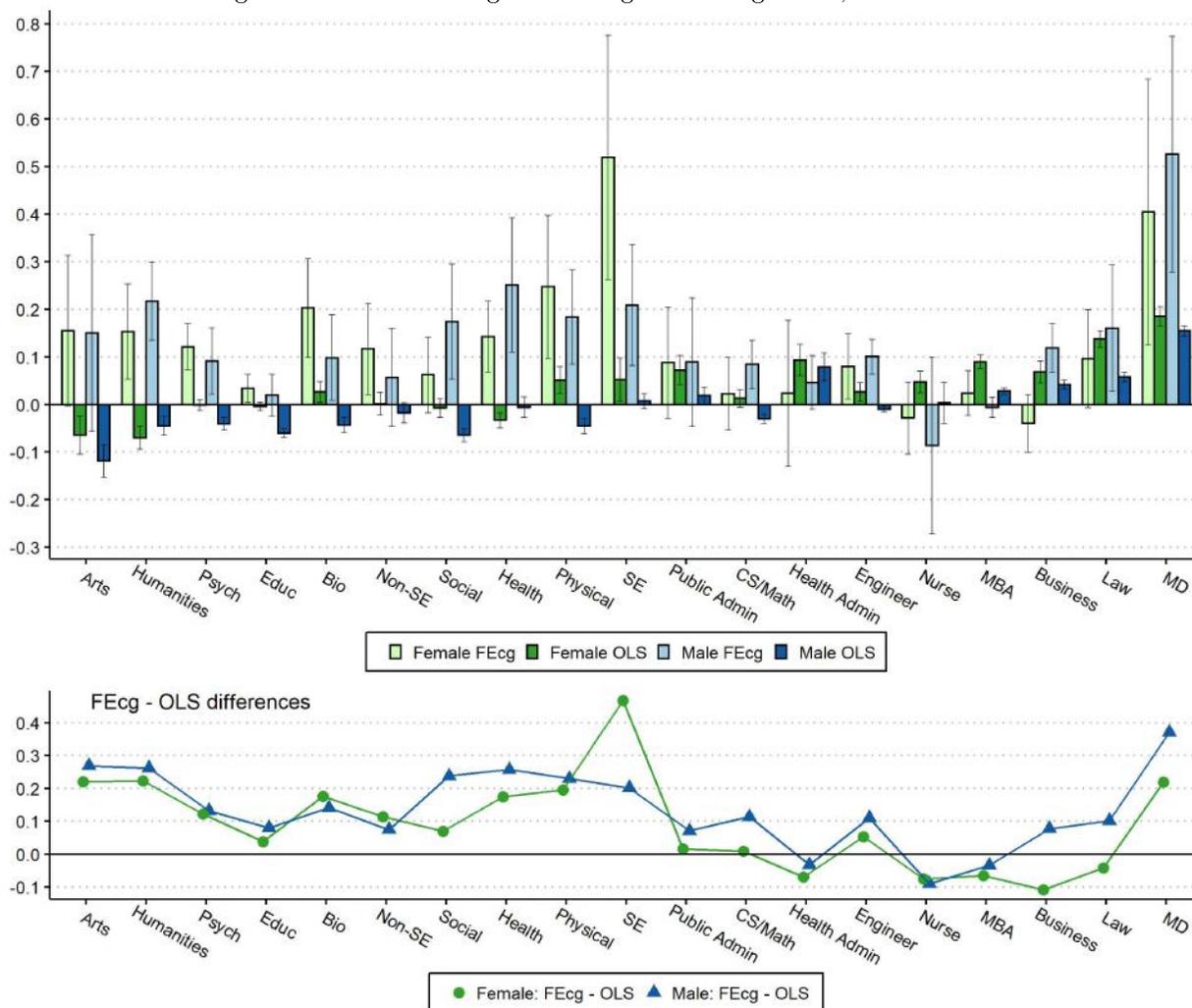
Notes: The figure shows OLS and FEcg estimates of the effects of 19 graduate degrees on log earnings, not restricted to full-time workers. The top panel shows the point estimates with light green showing FEcg estimates for females, green showing OLS estimates for females, light blue showing FEcg estimates for males, and blue showing OLS estimates for males. The bottom panel shows the difference between the FEcg and OLS estimates for females (green) and males (blue). Error bars show 90 percent confidence intervals. The regressions include dummies for BA field and each advanced degree, race, Hispanic origin, parental education, calendar year, a cubic in age, and an interaction between a cubic in age and BA field.

Figure A11: Effects of graduate degrees on Employment



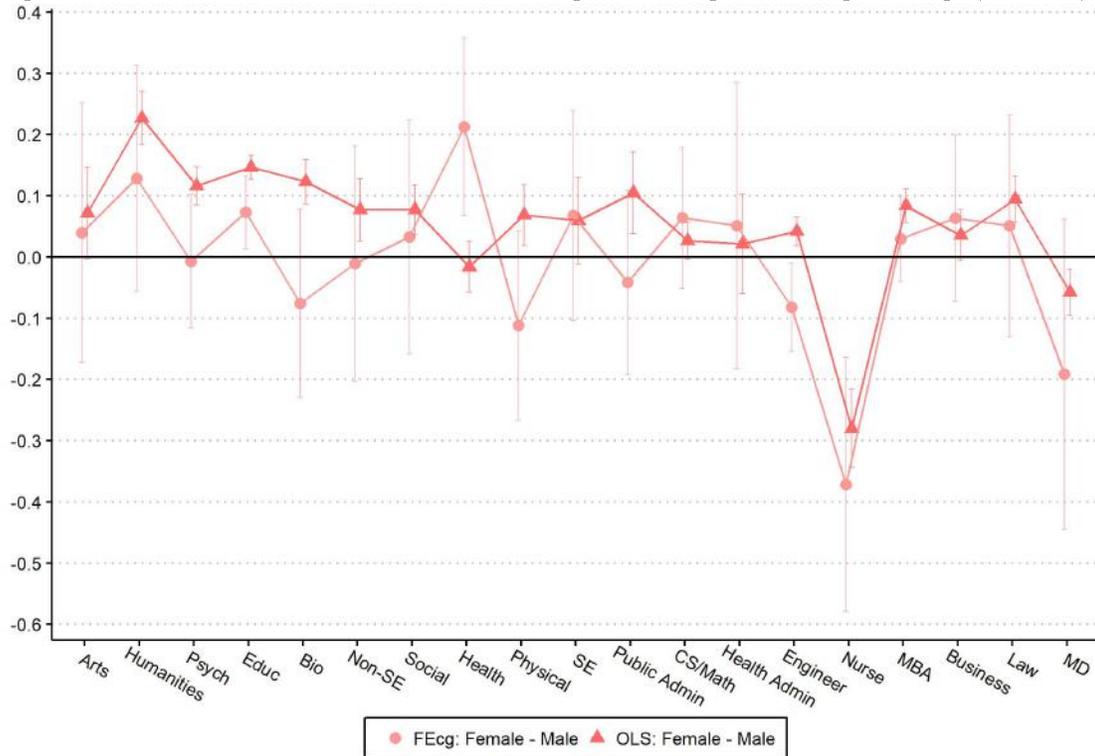
Notes: The figure shows OLS and FEcg estimates of the effects of 19 graduate degrees on employment. The top panel shows the point estimates with light green showing FEcg estimates for females, green showing OLS estimates for females, light blue showing FEcg estimates for males, and blue showing OLS estimates for males. The bottom panel shows the difference between the FEcg and OLS estimates for females (green) and males (blue). Sample weights are used. Error bars show 90 percent confidence intervals. The regressions include dummies for BA field and each advanced degree, race, Hispanic origin, parental education, calendar year, a cubic in age, and an interaction between a cubic in age and BA field.

Figure A12: Returns to graduate degrees on Log Hours, all workers



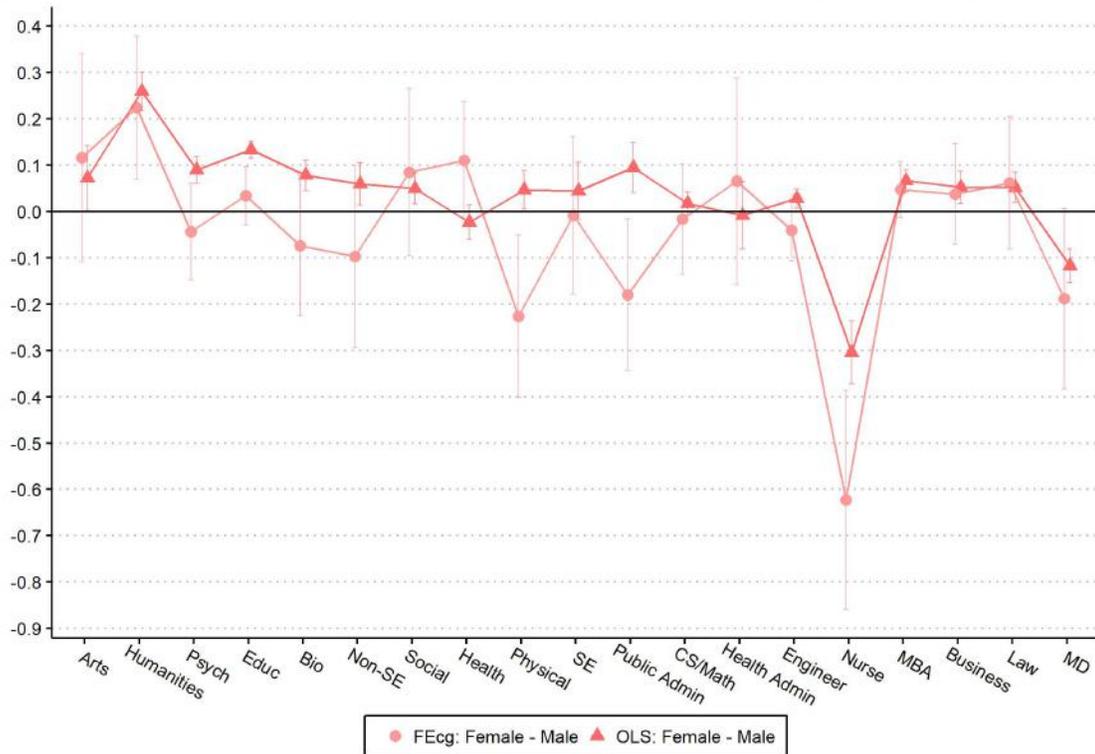
Notes: The figure shows OLS and FEcg estimates of the 19 graduate degrees for log hours worked, not restricted to full-time workers. The top panel shows the point estimates with light green showing FEcg estimates for females, green showing OLS estimates for females, light blue showing FEcg estimates for males, and blue showing OLS estimates for males. The bottom panel shows the difference between the FEcg and OLS estimates for females (green) and males (blue). Error bars show 90 percent confidence intervals. Sample weights are used. The regressions include dummies for BA field and each advanced degree, race, Hispanic origin, parental education, calendar year, a cubic in age, and an interaction between a cubic in age and BA field.

Figure A13: Female-male difference in returns to graduate degrees on Log Earnings (full-time)



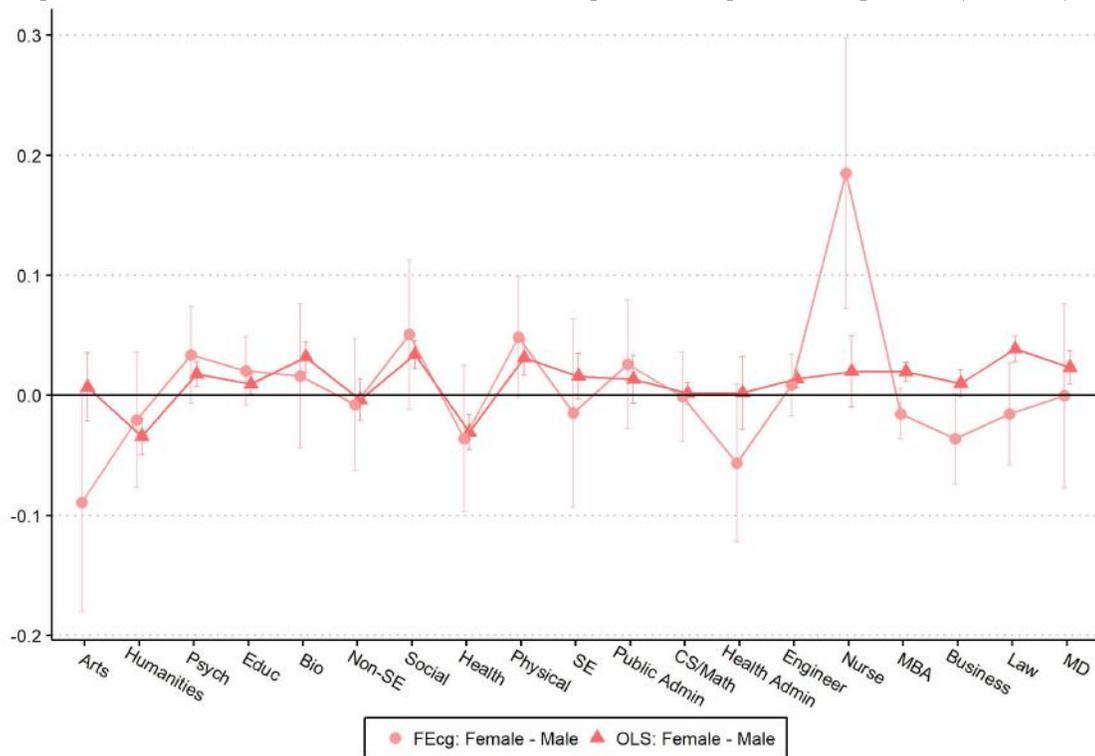
Notes: The figure shows the female-male difference in OLS and FEG estimates of the 19 graduate degrees for log earnings of full-time workers. The light red lines with circles show the difference in the FEG estimates and the red lines with triangles show the difference in the OLS estimates. Error bars show 90 percent confidence intervals. Sample weights are used. The regressions include dummies for BA field and each advanced degree, race, Hispanic origin, parental education, calendar year, a cubic in age, and an interaction between a cubic in age and BA field.

Figure A14: Female-male difference in returns to graduate degrees on Log Hourly Wage (full-time)



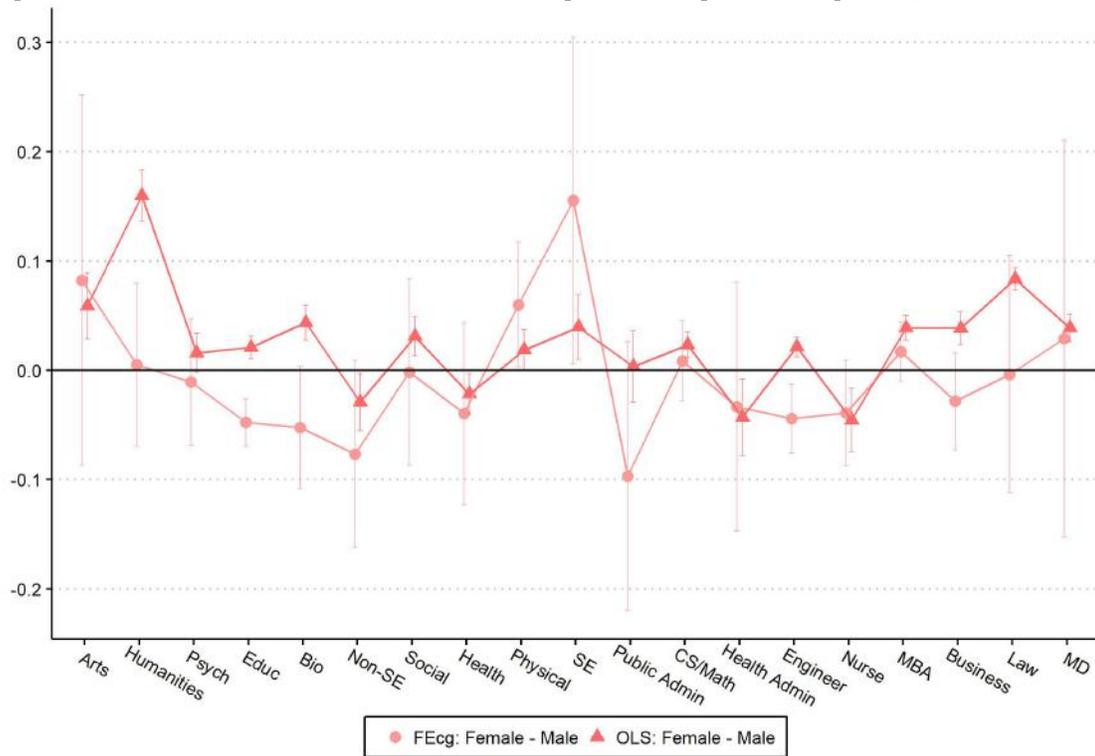
Notes: The figure shows the female-male difference in OLS and FEG estimates of the 19 graduate degrees for log hourly wage. The light red lines with circles show the difference in the FEG estimates and the red lines with triangles show the difference in the OLS estimates. Error bars show 90 percent confidence intervals. Sample weights are used. The regressions include dummies for BA field and each advanced degree, race, Hispanic origin, parental education, calendar year, a cubic in age, and an interaction between a cubic in age and BA field.

Figure A15: Female-male difference in returns to graduate degrees on Log Hours (full-time)



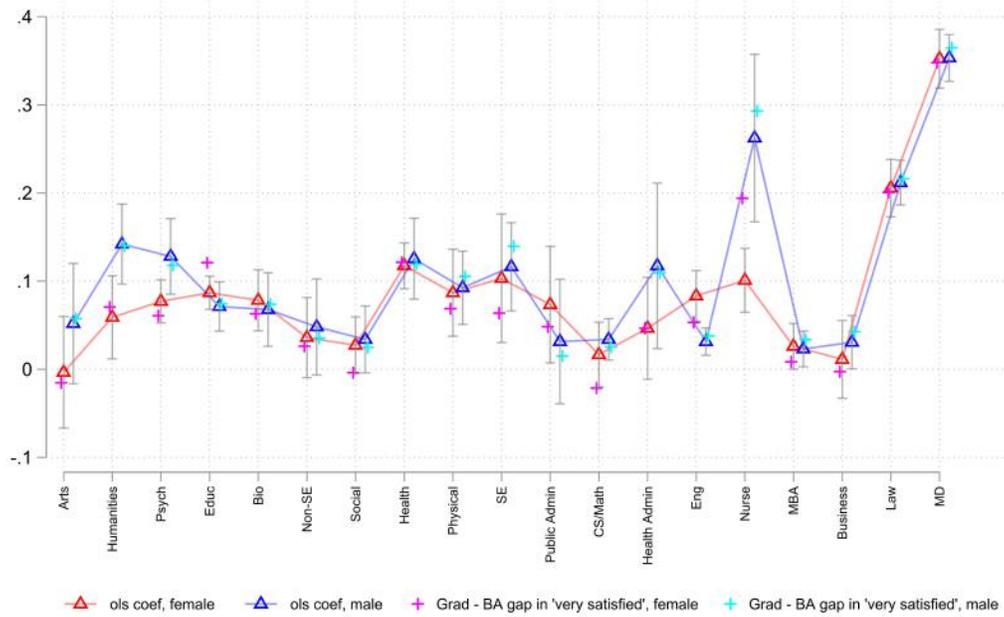
Notes: The figure shows the female-male difference in OLS and FEcg estimates of the 19 graduate degrees for log hours of full-time workers. The light red lines with circles show the difference in the FEcg estimates and the red lines with triangles show the difference in the OLS estimates. Error bars show 90 percent confidence intervals. Sample weights are used. The regressions include dummies for BA field and each advanced degree, race, Hispanic origin, parental education, calendar year, a cubic in age, and an interaction between a cubic in age and BA field.

Figure A16: Female-male difference in returns to graduate degrees on Log Occupation Premium

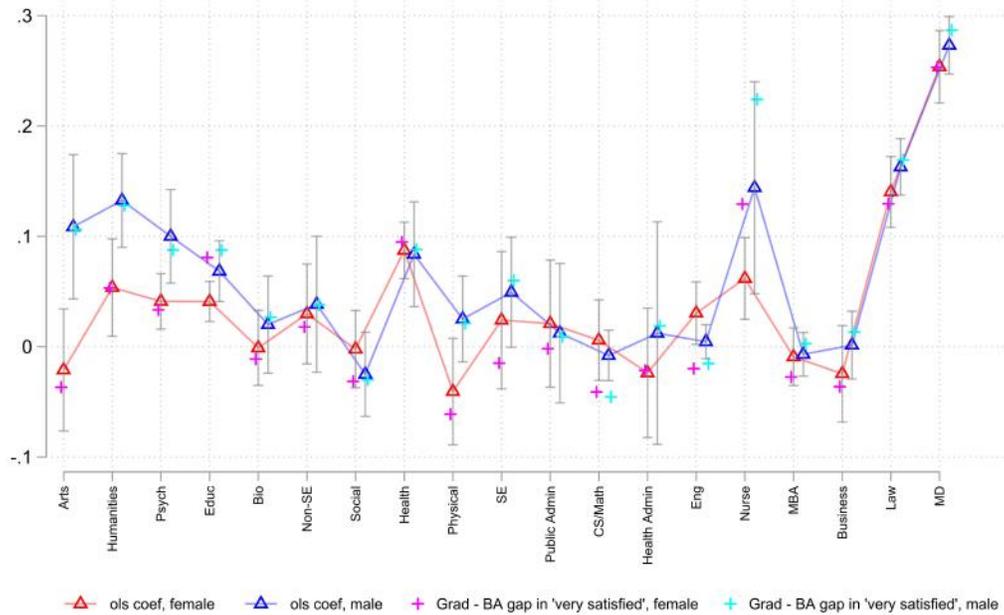


Notes: The figure shows the female-male difference in OLS and FEG estimates of the 19 graduate degrees for log occupational premium. The light red lines with circles show the difference in the FEG estimates and the red lines with triangles show the difference in the OLS estimates. Error bars show 90 percent confidence intervals. Sample weights are used. The regressions include dummies for BA field and each advanced degree, race, Hispanic origin, parental education, calendar year, a cubic in age, and an interaction between a cubic in age and BA field.

Figure A17: OLS estimates of effects of graduate degrees on job satisfaction.
 (A) Dep. variable: “very satisfied” with intellectual challenge.

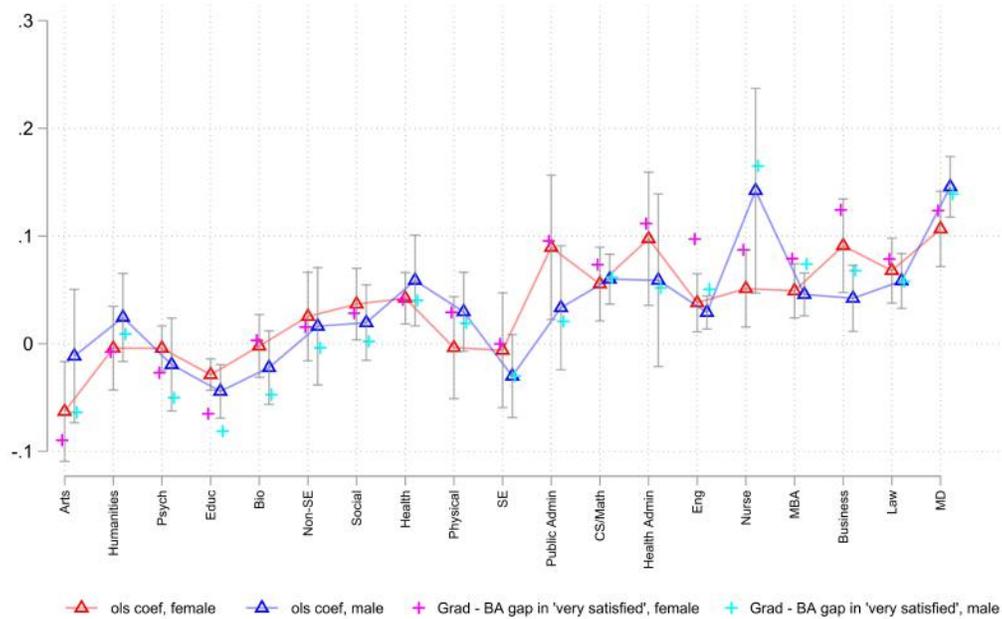


(B) Dep variable: “very satisfied” with responsibility.



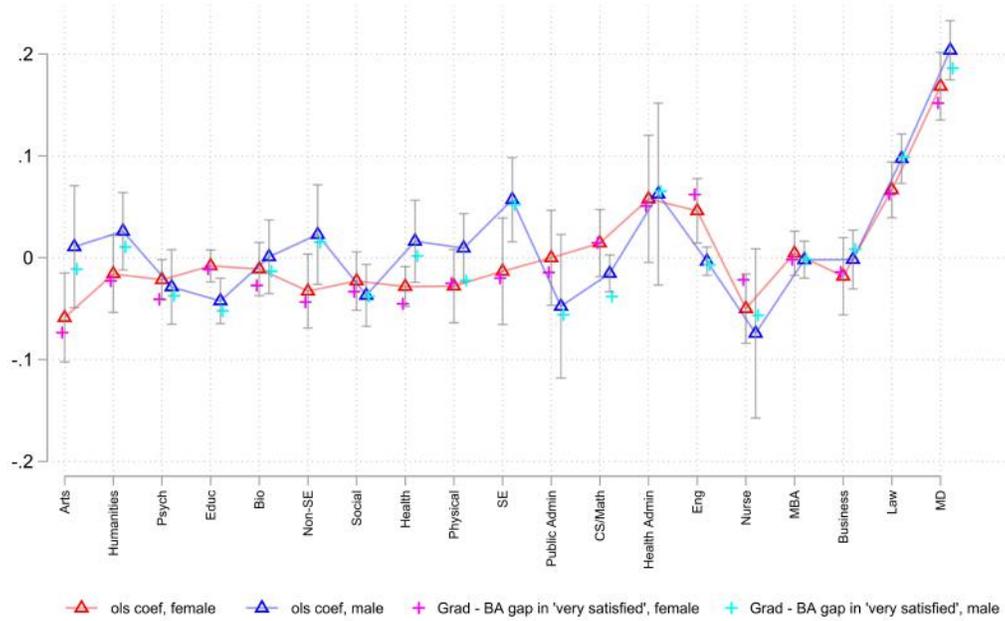
Notes: The figure reports estimates of the effect of completing advanced degrees on job satisfaction in terms of intellectual challenge (panel A) and responsibility (panel B) by graduate degree field. The dependent variable is an indicator for if the individual responded that they were “very satisfied”. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The red line and triangles report the OLS estimates for women and blue line with triangles report the OLS estimates for men. The pink crosses report the raw differences between the mean response of women with the particular graduate degree and women with only a BA. The light-blue crosses report the corresponding differences for men.

Figure A18: OLS estimates of effects of graduate degrees on job satisfaction. Dep variable: “very satisfied” with salary.

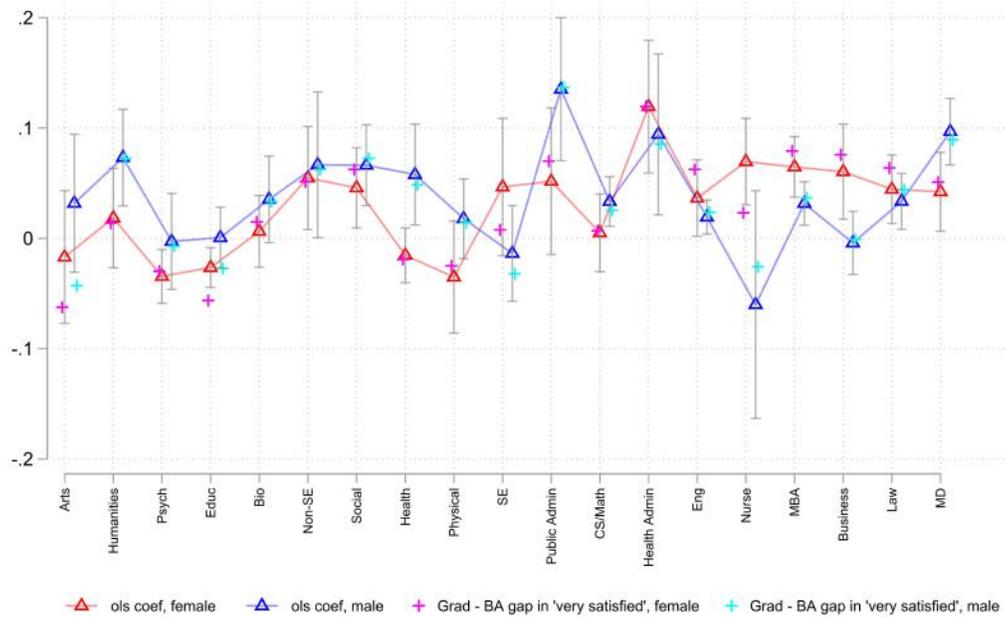


Notes: The figure reports estimates of the effect of completing advanced degrees on job satisfaction in terms of salary by graduate degree field. The dependent variable is an indicator for whether the individual responded that they were “very satisfied”. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The red line and triangles report the OLS estimates for women and blue line with triangles report the OLS estimates for men. The pink crosses report the raw differences between the mean response of women with the particular graduate degree and women with only a BA. The light-blue crosses report the corresponding differences for men.

Figure A19: OLS estimates of effects of graduate degrees on job satisfaction.
 (A) Dep variable: “very satisfied” with career advancement.

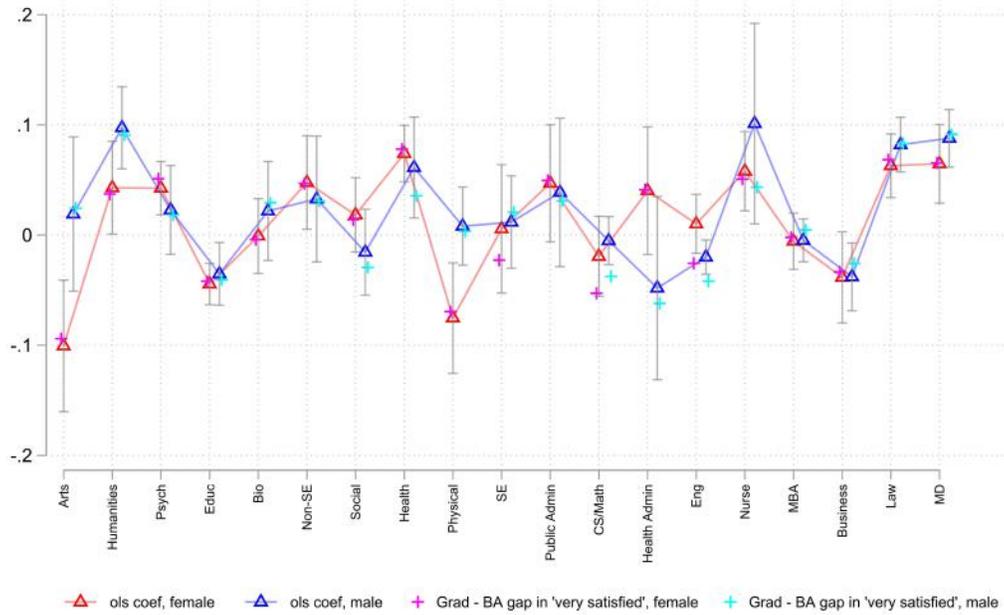


(B) Dep variable: “very satisfied” with benefits.

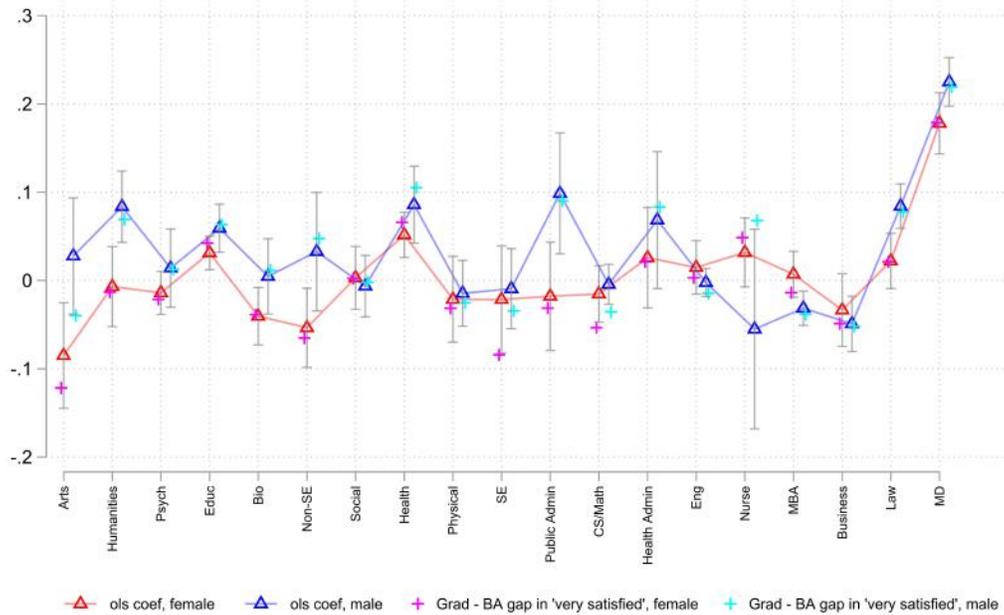


Notes: The figure reports estimates of the effect of completing advanced degrees on job satisfaction (panel A) and benefits (panel B) in terms of career advancement by graduate degree field. The dependent variable is an indicator for if the individual responded that they were “very satisfied”. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The red line and triangles report the OLS estimates for women and blue line with triangles report the OLS estimates for men. The pink crosses report the raw differences between the mean response of women with the particular graduate degree and women with only a BA. The light-blue crosses report the corresponding differences for men.

Figure A20: OLS estimates of effects of graduate degrees on job satisfaction.
 (A) Dep variable: “very satisfied” with independence.

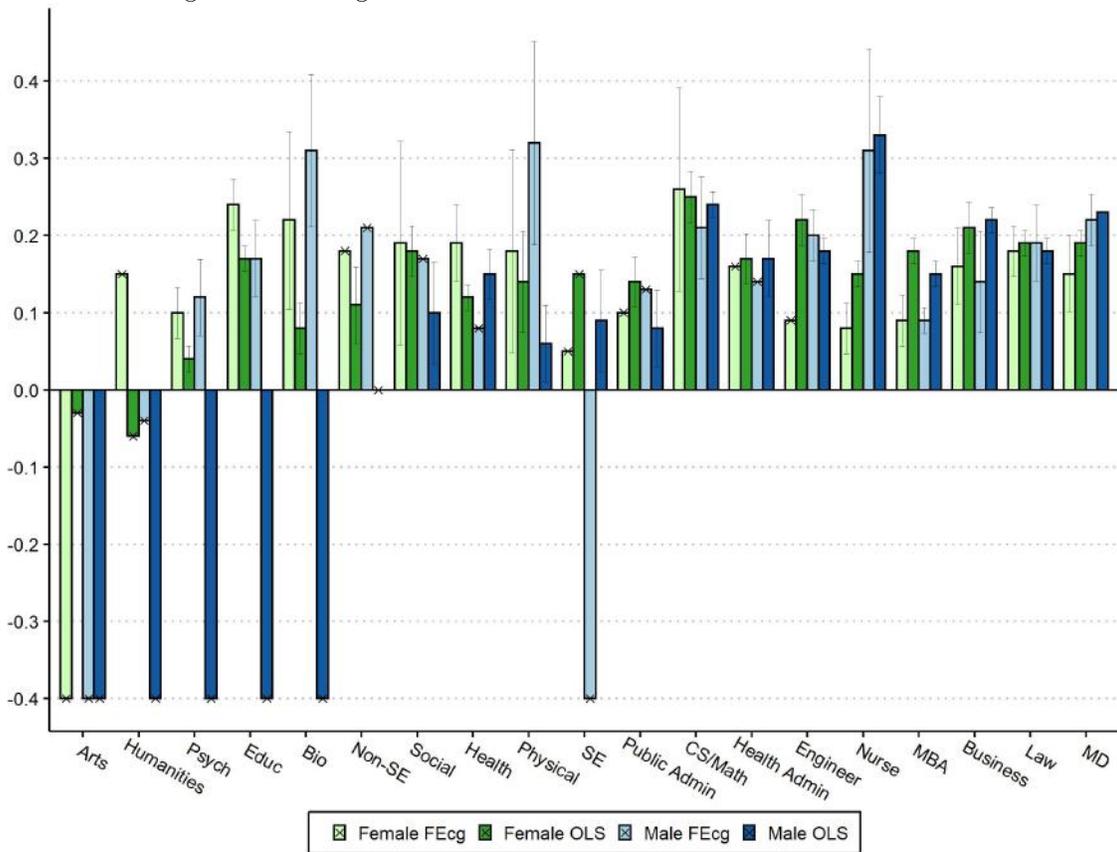


(B) Dep variable: “very satisfied” with job security.



Notes: The figure reports estimates of the effect of completing advanced degrees on job satisfaction in terms of independence (panel A) and job security (panel B), by graduate degree field. The dependent variable is an indicator for whether the individual responded that they were “very satisfied”. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The red line and triangles report the OLS estimates for women and blue line with triangles report the OLS estimates for men. The pink crosses report the raw differences between the mean response of women with the particular graduate degree and women with only a BA. The light-blue crosses report the corresponding differences for men.

Figure A21: FEcg and OLS estimates of the internal rate of return.



Notes: The figure reports the FEcg and OLS estimates of the internal rate of return for men and women by graduate degree. The estimates assume full-time enrollment with no wage income while enrolled. See Table 7 for details on the IRR estimates. Standard errors show 90% confidence intervals calculated via bootstrap. Cases where one or more of the bootstrap estimates did not converge or found corner solutions do not report confidence intervals are marked with an x. Light green bars show FEcg estimates for females, green bars show OLS estimates for females, light blue bars show FEcg estimates for males, and blue bars show OLS estimates for females.

12 Additional Tables

Table A1: Aggregation of advanced fields and degree type: Women

Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count	
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Law	Law/prelaw/legal studies	Master	75,193	41,079	-0.65	0.28	0.29	0.08	0.11	160	
		Prof	119,463	97,165	-0.33	0.16	0.57	0.02	7.67	7,520	
MBA	Business, general	Master	106,570	70,193	-0.51	0.24	0.42	0.04	1.71	2,350	
	Business administration and management	Master	93,496	61,921	-0.51	0.23	0.31	0.02	6.14	8,050	
		Prof									
	Business and managerial economics	Master	102,683	60,463	-0.51	0.25	0.41	0.09	0.13	180	
Medicine	Medicine (e.g., dentistry, optometry, osteopathic, podiatry, veterinary)	Master	90,020	41,443	-0.52	0.19	0.37	0.07	0.28	560	
		Prof	146,584	108,744	-0.13	0.19	0.74	0.02	4.94	6,470	
Master's in arts	Dramatic arts	Master	74,534	139,897	-0.68	0.24	0.09	0.08	0.26	190	
	Fine arts, all fields	Master	52,237	26,255	-0.78	0.20	-0.07	0.05	0.51	420	
	Music, all fields	Master	56,611	28,504	-0.78	0.21	0.13	0.04	0.45	330	
		Prof									
Master's in biological/agricultural/environmental/life sciences	Other visual and performing arts	Master	67,372	43,769	-0.74	0.21	0.08	0.08	0.40	370	
		Prof									
	Animal sciences	Master	62,387	77,769	-0.69	0.23	0.21	0.05	0.07	260	
	Biochemistry and biophysics	Master	65,072	60,648	-0.70	0.21	0.02	0.06	0.15	600	
	Biology, general	Master	60,250	29,993	-0.73	0.18	0.06	0.03	0.47	1,700	
	Botany	Master	46,013	19,922	-0.81	0.14	-0.17	0.07	0.05	220	
	Cell and molecular biology	Master	66,875	57,225	-0.74	0.13	0.06	0.05	0.12	500	
	Ecology	Master	56,363	22,126	-0.72	0.16	0.01	0.07	0.14	500	
	Environmental science or studies	Master	67,611	31,280	-0.66	0.21	0.17	0.04	0.29	1,060	
	Food sciences and technology	Master	69,962	32,151	-0.66	0.17	0.15	0.06	0.12	500	
	Forestry sciences	Master	63,709	24,286	-0.65	0.25	0.12	0.10	0.03	140	
	Genetics, animal and plant	Master	61,954	24,088	-0.74	0.22	0.09	0.06	0.07	240	
	Microbiological sciences and immunology	Master	64,093	33,803	-0.68	0.18	0.03	0.05	0.15	720	
	Nutritional sciences	Master	66,640	24,248	-0.55	0.16	0.18	0.04	0.27	760	
	Other agricultural sciences	Master	55,027	16,746	-0.63	0.31	0.10	0.07	0.07	250	
	Other biological sciences	Master	63,292	34,669	-0.72	0.19	0.07	0.04	0.25	960	
	Other conservation and natural resources	Master	68,834	88,269	-0.62	0.22	0.09	0.07	0.08	300	
	Pharmacology, human and animal	Master	89,164	46,346	-0.67	0.18	0.22	0.13	0.05	160	
	Prof										
	Physiology and pathology, human and animal	Master	62,318	29,313	-0.65	0.19	0.07	0.05	0.09	340	
Plant sciences	Master	52,137	29,834	-0.75	0.22	-0.02	0.07	0.08	350		
Zoology, general	Master	51,202	26,803	-0.73	0.17	-0.13	0.07	0.07	280		

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Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE		
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Master's in business-related fields	Accounting	Master Prof	84,272	66,570	-0.51	0.17	0.21	0.04	0.99	890
	Actuarial science	Master	108,311	50,612	-0.09	0.18	0.34	0.17	0.02	40
	Agricultural economics	Master	73,473	39,836	-0.62	0.21	0.18	0.20	0.08	210
	Business marketing/marketing management	Master	96,503	62,469	-0.50	0.22	0.32	0.05	0.94	1,170
	Financial management	Master Prof	113,162	77,999	-0.47	0.21	0.48	0.03	1.80	1,970
	Marketing research	Master	80,785	44,253	-0.51	0.14	0.20	0.07	0.18	200
	Other agricultural business and production	Master	46,502	13,291	-0.70	0.26	-0.18	0.12	0.03	40
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	Applied mathematics	Master	83,008	56,862	-0.54	0.25	0.22	0.05	0.10	420
	Computer and information sciences, general	Master	81,504	34,400	-0.50	0.17	0.21	0.03	0.36	1,060
	Computer programming	Master	75,626	28,464	-0.50	0.16	0.13	0.12	0.06	130
	Computer science	Master	93,684	47,668	-0.45	0.14	0.27	0.02	1.20	3,410
	Computer systems analysis	Master	102,097	45,049	-0.44	0.13	0.49	0.10	0.07	140
	Data processing	Master	74,343	30,213	-0.42	0.11	0.20	0.08	0.01	40
	Information services and systems	Master	85,765	41,124	-0.56	0.21	0.26	0.04	0.45	1,250
	Mathematics, general	Master	65,581	34,348	-0.70	0.23	0.04	0.03	0.60	1,750
	Other computer and information sciences	Master	90,280	38,543	-0.51	0.19	0.28	0.07	0.16	460
	Other mathematics	Master	71,811	36,537	-0.67	0.23	0.09	0.12	0.04	120
	Operations research	Master	105,618	66,181	-0.48	0.19	0.39	0.11	0.11	360
	Statistics	Master	88,139	48,482	-0.53	0.19	0.26	0.05	0.28	1,090
	Master's in education fields	Computer teacher education	Master	63,961	19,942	-0.81	0.15	0.13	0.05	0.29
Counselor education and guidance		Master	59,727	35,814	-0.86	0.18	0.10	0.02	2.64	2,690
Education administration		Master Prof	69,713	48,288	-0.74	0.23	0.25	0.02	3.17	2,620
Educational psychology		Master	65,372	30,930	-0.78	0.21	0.19	0.02	1.71	1,990
Elementary teacher education		Master Prof	61,966	37,649	-0.87	0.13	0.17	0.01	5.94	3,540
Mathematics teacher education		Master Prof	64,595	25,072	-0.80	0.18	0.11	0.04	0.76	1,110
Other education		Master Prof	60,255	22,499	-0.81	0.19	0.14	0.01	5.80	4,760
Physical education and coaching		Master	57,672	19,310	-0.79	0.17	0.09	0.04	0.46	320
Pre-school/kindergarten/early childhood teacher education		Master Prof	56,445	21,956	-0.93	0.23	0.14	0.03	0.58	450
Science teacher education		Master Prof	62,319	27,225	-0.82	0.13	0.13	0.04	0.62	1,000
Secondary teacher education		Master Prof	61,369	26,907	-0.82	0.15	0.11	0.02	2.37	2,330
Social science teacher education		Master	59,516	16,613	-0.83	0.14	0.17	0.03	0.22	250
Special education		Master Prof	60,947	21,745	-0.83	0.16	0.17	0.02	3.97	2,840

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Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE		
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Master's in engineering	Aerospace, aeronautical, astronautical/space engineering	Master	90,436	37,059	-0.41	0.14	0.19	0.05	0.07	920
	Agricultural engineering	Master	54,908	24,645	-0.59	0.21	0.01	0.14	0.01	60
	Architectural engineering	Master	72,240	23,050	-0.53	0.13	0.13	0.07	0.03	170
	Bioengineering and biomedical engineering	Master	68,886	33,545	-0.64	0.19	-0.03	0.06	0.07	610
	Chemical engineering	Master	82,020	39,213	-0.42	0.23	0.02	0.04	0.12	1,330
	Civil engineering	Master	79,270	56,188	-0.45	0.17	0.12	0.03	0.31	2,550
	Computer and systems engineering	Master	108,930	81,512	-0.43	0.13	0.34	0.03	0.32	1,550
	Electrical, electronics and communications engineering	Master	97,631	61,670	-0.40	0.12	0.24	0.03	0.40	2,410
	Engineering, general	Master	109,144	55,475	-0.45	0.18	0.34	0.16	0.05	260
	Engineering sciences, mechanics and physics	Master	86,587	55,842	-0.44	0.15	0.17	0.09	0.03	140
	Environmental engineering	Master	76,814	29,228	-0.46	0.18	0.12	0.03	0.14	1,000
	Geophysical and geological engineering	Master	87,795	23,648	-0.42	0.11	0.27	0.08	0.01	70
	Industrial and manufacturing engineering	Master	91,901	49,971	-0.48	0.17	0.27	0.03	0.19	1,760
	Materials engineering, including ceramic and textile sciences	Master	78,596	33,549	-0.48	0.16	0.11	0.06	0.06	460
	Mechanical engineering	Master	85,288	34,176	-0.45	0.12	0.16	0.03	0.21	2,030
	Metallurgical engineering	Master	115,385	32,265	-0.44	0.07	0.52	0.07	0.02	80
	Mining and minerals engineering	Master								
	Naval architecture and marine engineering	Master	71,934	15,246	-0.47	0.12	0.18	0.09	0.00	20
	Nuclear engineering	Master	92,550	28,710	-0.44	0.14	0.18	0.07	0.02	100
	Other engineering	Master	86,118	33,972	-0.45	0.16	0.21	0.03	0.14	970
Petroleum engineering	Master	93,130	41,437	-0.11	0.26	0.29	0.14	0.01	70	
Master's in health services admin	Health services administration	Master	87,414	62,144	-0.54	0.23	0.30	0.03	1.32	1,780
		Prof								
Master's in health-related fields	Audiology and speech pathology	Master	64,552	33,827	-0.60	0.19	0.26	0.03	1.69	2,400
		Prof	64,408	8,598	-0.08	0.00	0.44	0.07	0.01	10
	Health/medical assistants	Master	89,394	28,088	-0.52	0.18	0.57	0.09	0.27	460
		Prof								
	Health/medical technologies	Master	79,494	30,061	-0.65	0.19	0.22	0.07	0.08	180
		Prof	81,843	56,743	-0.51	0.33	0.31	0.19	0.02	30
	Medical preparatory programs (e.g., pre-dentistry, pre-medical, pre-veterinary)	Master	64,370	24,652	-0.60	0.20	0.10	0.09	0.01	40
		Prof	90,413	55,391	-0.06	0.03	0.55	0.18	0.01	10
	Other health/medical sciences	Master	71,275	47,358	-0.66	0.24	0.19	0.03	1.31	2,090
		Prof	96,978	61,895	-0.33	0.24	0.44	0.12	0.01	20
	Pharmacy	Master	88,863	62,385	-0.64	0.18	0.12	0.06	0.07	180
		Prof	112,840	30,954	-0.52	0.11	0.58	0.04	0.42	630
	Physical therapy and other rehabilitation/therapeutic services	Master	66,248	32,683	-0.60	0.20	0.23	0.02	1.83	2,600
		Prof	71,457	19,376	-0.49	0.14	0.38	0.05	0.11	110
Public health (including environmental health and epidemiology)	Master	68,107	36,373	-0.64	0.21	0.19	0.03	1.11	2,590	
	Prof									

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Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count	
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
Master's in humanity fields	English Language, literature and letters	Master Prof	59,523	31,031	-0.79	0.18	0.05	0.03	1.16	1,060	
	History, other	Master Prof	60,689	81,251	-0.75	0.23	-0.03	0.05	0.61	530	
	Liberal arts/general studies	Master	69,097	34,427	-0.76	0.24	0.16	0.06	0.34	340	
		Prof	89,695	30,500	-0.49	0.04	0.37	0.10	0.01	10	
	Linguistics	Master	58,729	25,288	-0.78	0.18	0.04	0.06	0.23	290	
	Other foreign languages and literature	Master Prof	60,026	34,212	-0.77	0.21	0.00	0.04	0.56	640	
	Other philosophy, religion, theology	Master	52,961	28,700	-0.94	0.28	-0.09	0.04	0.67	570	
		Prof	57,325	50,802	-1.03	0.24	-0.08	0.17	0.03	20	
	Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	Communications, general	Master	65,915	35,063	-0.67	0.24	0.10	0.06	0.42	430
		Criminal justice/protective services	Master	61,524	28,275	-0.74	0.32	0.14	0.06	0.37	620
Prof			252,435	284,889	-0.28	0.00	1.09	0.41	0.03	30	
Journalism		Master	68,481	37,187	-0.69	0.16	0.13	0.06	0.31	290	
Library science		Master Prof	60,743	22,696	-0.86	0.19	0.10	0.02	1.67	1,180	
Non-Science & Engineering (suppressed)		Master									
Other communication		Master	73,003	60,189	-0.66	0.21	0.18	0.05	0.42	350	
Parks, recreation, leisure, and fitness studies	Master	53,853	21,660	-0.77	0.26	0.01	0.04	0.27	340		
Master's in nursing	Nursing (4 years or longer program)	Master	92,658	43,776	-0.51	0.17	0.27	0.01	3.27	4,890	
		Prof	84,626	52,373	-0.45	0.14	0.35	0.15	0.02	20	
Master's in physical and related sciences	Astronomy and astrophysics	Master	53,056	30,958	-0.56	0.22	-0.14	0.11	0.01	120	
	Atmospheric sciences and meteorology	Master	66,209	27,793	-0.47	0.14	0.12	0.09	0.02	180	
	Chemistry, except biochemistry	Master	73,286	48,140	-0.65	0.19	0.13	0.04	0.43	2,590	
	Earth sciences	Master	70,176	41,834	-0.67	0.19	0.19	0.07	0.03	190	
	Geological sciences, other	Master	74,177	51,095	-0.60	0.17	0.15	0.11	0.07	430	
	Geology	Master	75,510	37,756	-0.58	0.15	0.22	0.05	0.14	850	
	Other physical sciences	Master	68,250	35,055	-0.74	0.17	0.15	0.08	0.06	220	
	Oceanography	Master	59,669	27,622	-0.62	0.17	-0.01	0.10	0.02	130	
	Physics, except biophysics	Master	68,745	46,269	-0.61	0.21	0.04	0.06	0.13	740	
Science, unclassified	Master	57,717	18,117	-0.78	0.16	0.03	0.05	0.03	100		

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Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE		
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
(1)	(2)	(3)						(10)	(11)	
Master's in psychology and social work	Clinical psychology	Master	55,427	36,134	-0.77	0.21	-0.01	0.04	0.63	1,370
		Prof	81,091	45,810	-0.74	0.11	0.30	0.09	0.02	50
	Counseling psychology	Master	57,384	36,542	-0.81	0.21	0.05	0.02	2.56	4,720
	Educational psychology	Prof								
	Experimental psychology	Master	100,248	165,112	-0.69	0.24	0.28	0.14	0.08	180
	General psychology	Master	58,688	40,464	-0.75	0.21	0.08	0.03	0.74	1,360
		Prof	61,755	38,248	-0.53	0.27	0.03	0.35	0.02	20
	Industrial/Organizational psychology	Master	81,253	60,992	-0.61	0.21	0.31	0.07	0.29	580
	Other psychology	Master	59,200	29,064	-0.76	0.21	0.14	0.03	0.78	1,800
		Prof	54,604	21,380	-0.85	0.03	0.08	0.11	0.01	20
	Social Work	Master	61,127	38,171	-0.82	0.22	0.14	0.01	4.26	6,860
		Prof								
	Social psychology	Master	48,926	22,120	-0.80	0.24	-0.10	0.08	0.05	140
		Prof								
Master's in public admin	Other public affairs	Master	65,855	31,013	-0.60	0.30	0.15	0.06	0.14	200
	Public administration	Master	77,230	46,030	-0.60	0.27	0.25	0.03	1.35	1,870
	Architecture/environmental design	Master	75,132	35,996	-0.59	0.24	0.17	0.04	0.68	1,260
Master's in other science and engineering -related fields	Electrical and electronics technologies	Master	84,949	37,457	-0.48	0.21	0.19	0.22	0.03	80
		Master	82,737	53,530	-0.53	0.15	0.19	0.07	0.02	70
	Mechanical engineering-related technologies	Master	84,847	15,740	-0.42	0.05	0.18	0.06	0.01	30
	Other engineering-related technologies	Master	80,935	34,278	-0.61	0.28	0.18	0.10	0.07	220
	All Science & Engineering (suppressed)	Master								
Master's in other social and related sciences	Anthropology and archaeology	Master	51,657	24,073	-0.70	0.22	-0.06	0.06	0.21	810
	Area and ethnic studies	Master	54,729	23,475	-0.76	0.24	-0.01	0.04	0.19	590
	Criminology	Master	61,816	28,850	-0.81	0.30	0.17	0.08	0.09	340
	Economics	Master	90,985	69,617	-0.56	0.25	0.25	0.06	0.40	1,560
	Geography	Master	62,333	28,539	-0.63	0.21	0.13	0.06	0.14	420
	History of science	Master								
	Home Economics	Master	57,431	24,774	-0.76	0.24	0.13	0.04	0.25	390
	International relations	Master	72,213	43,413	-0.61	0.23	0.20	0.05	0.41	1,140
	Other social sciences	Master	62,045	30,705	-0.68	0.27	0.11	0.03	0.49	1,280
	Philosophy of science	Master	54,372	19,347	-0.85	0.04	0.01	0.12	0.01	20
	Political science and government	Master	61,164	-0.71	0.23	0.26	0.03	0.05	0.36	850
	Public policy studies	Master	84,010	53,644	33,604	-0.54	0.33	0.04	0.45	1,440
	Sociology	Master	67,142	52,940	-0.72	0.24	0.18	0.04	0.48	1534

Note: The table presents the statistics of the disaggregated advanced degrees for women. Column 1 presents 19 aggregated advanced degree fields that are constructed from 168 disaggregated advanced degrees. For each disaggregated advanced degree, columns 2-11 present its field, type (Master or Professional Degree), mean and standard deviation of earnings, the mean and standard deviation of occupational premiums, its coefficient and standard error from a disaggregated additive earnings regression, percentage in the sample, and the rounded observation count. The reference category of advanced fields in the disaggregated additive earnings regression is no advanced degree. The reference category of the occupational premium is top level managers. Disaggregated advanced degrees with less than 10 observations are removed from the table. The specification is Table 2 col. (2), with disaggregated BA and advanced fields. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered at the person level.

Table A2: Aggregation of BA fields: Women

Aggregated BA major	Disaggregated BA major	Earnings		BA earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
		Mean	SD	Mean	SE		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Biological/ agricultural/ environmental sciences	Animal sciences	52,046	35,180	-0.00	0.03	0.36	2,110
	Biochemistry and biophysics	78,984	77,657	0.22	0.03	0.37	2,750
	Biology, general	73,823	64,636	0.19	0.02	3.19	18,640
	Botany	52,295	35,588	-0.02	0.06	0.05	310
	Cell and molecular biology	82,150	59,791	0.29	0.05	0.12	990
	Ecology	63,372	53,847	0.17	0.06	0.15	1,170
	Environmental science or studies	60,376	44,797	0.19	0.04	0.29	2,400
	Food sciences and technology	68,430	40,693	0.30	0.06	0.11	1,010
	Forestry sciences	51,361	23,609	-0.01	0.07	0.06	410
	Genetics, animal and plant	78,920	84,671	0.23	0.11	0.03	240
	Microbiological sciences and immunology	73,784	61,395	0.23	0.04	0.33	2,210
	Nutritional sciences	64,032	57,927	0.17	0.03	0.27	1,540
	Other agricultural sciences	47,740	28,535	0.06	0.07	0.07	590
	Other biological sciences	64,426	63,481	0.20	0.04	0.28	1,740
	Other conservation and natural resources	64,985	54,884	0.15	0.06	0.08	680
	Pharmacology, human and animal	83,962	68,370	0.44	0.09	0.02	140
Physiology and pathology, human and animal	77,648	59,800	0.26	0.04	0.11	680	
Plant sciences	53,858	35,621	0.00	0.05	0.17	1,150	
Zoology, general	70,515	52,754	0.11	0.03	0.29	1,570	
Business	Accounting	74,104	50,993	0.38	0.02	3.81	6,900
	Actuarial science	93,589	124,159	0.51	0.13	0.11	290
	Agricultural economics	52,614	31,075	0.08	0.06	0.20	530
	Business, general	69,529	59,615	0.25	0.02	1.97	4,090
	Business administration and management	66,317	47,301	0.25	0.02	4.47	9,660
	Business and managerial economics	72,347	50,373	0.31	0.04	0.41	1,080
	Financial management	79,436	62,662	0.39	0.03	1.25	2,740
	Other agricultural business and production	59,282	41,830	0.09	0.08	0.11	330
Other business management/administrative services	64,819	44,993	0.24	0.02	1.46	3,430	
Communications/ Journalism	Communications, general	62,654	44,424	0.21	0.03	1.69	3,410
	Journalism	66,720	49,832	0.23	0.03	1.26	2,480
	Other communication	59,242	36,880	0.18	0.03	0.86	1,710
Computer and mathematical sciences	Applied mathematics	78,608	72,243	0.36	0.05	0.21	1,490
	Computer and information sciences, general	73,906	38,619	0.38	0.03	0.48	3,200
	Computer science	81,407	48,346	0.47	0.02	1.44	10,240
	Computer systems analysis	80,326	43,820	0.47	0.06	0.08	510
	Information services and systems	73,084	52,112	0.38	0.02	0.52	3,470
	Mathematics, general	69,713	48,538	0.25	0.02	1.57	10,450
	Other computer and information sciences	68,088	63,736	0.32	0.06	0.09	520
	Other mathematics	75,998	47,262	0.35	0.06	0.10	620
	Operations research	82,677	49,381	0.48	0.09	0.04	270
Computer & Info Sci. (suppressed)							
Statistics	82,741	58,089	0.41	0.05	0.14	1,160	
Economics	Economics	84,813	86,130	0.38	0.03	1.74	9,800

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Aggregated BA major	Disaggregated BA major	Earnings		BA earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
		Mean	SD	Mean	SE		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Education	Computer teacher education	57,789	23,824	0.08	0.06	0.02	60
	Counselor education and guidance	59,002	44,078	0.05	0.07	0.07	160
	Education administration	55,044	32,624	-0.02	0.07	0.08	180
	Educational psychology	58,422	41,347	0.06	0.04	0.56	1,340
	Elementary teacher education	53,268	33,204	0.00		5.13	7,780
	Mathematics teacher education	56,738	28,110	0.06	0.03	0.45	1,420
	Other education	54,006	28,554	0.01	0.01	2.20	4,420
	Physical education and coaching	57,508	46,290	0.07	0.02	0.96	1,840
	Pre-school/kindergarten/early teacher education	47,241	20,009	-0.10	0.03	0.61	870
	Science teacher education	57,845	27,627	0.07	0.04	0.40	1,120
	Secondary teacher education	53,383	25,590	0.02	0.02	1.18	2,420
	Social science teacher education	55,398	25,328	0.02	0.03	0.45	1,000
	Special education	55,031	34,197	0.04	0.02	1.56	2,660
Engineering	Aerospace, aeronautical, astronautical/space engineering	85,969	41,081	0.54	0.06	0.09	2,410
	Agricultural engineering	63,643	47,958	0.20	0.16	0.02	210
	Architectural engineering	69,120	37,886	0.34	0.06	0.06	600
	Bioengineering and biomedical engineering	77,216	45,952	0.41	0.06	0.08	1,200
	Chemical engineering	93,664	57,503	0.60	0.03	0.47	7,320
	Civil engineering	77,309	43,958	0.46	0.02	0.45	7,040
	Computer and systems engineering	88,226	40,047	0.53	0.03	0.23	2,390
	Electrical, electronics and communications en- gineering	89,230	49,167	0.53	0.02	0.62	7,930
	Engineering, general	87,198	40,292	0.52	0.06	0.04	460
	Engineering sciences, mechanics and physics	93,606	56,198	0.52	0.07	0.03	410
	Environmental engineering	77,089	39,398	0.46	0.04	0.05	730
	Geophysical and geological engineering	70,888	48,779	0.33	0.06	0.01	140
	Industrial and manufacturing engineering	86,752	47,730	0.51	0.03	0.29	4,710
	Materials engineering, including ceramic and textile sciences	81,785	51,168	0.43	0.06	0.06	870
	Mechanical engineering	82,382	41,166	0.51	0.03	0.42	7,080
	Metallurgical engineering	111,582	54,415	0.59	0.08	0.02	240
	Mining and minerals engineering	81,437	56,868	0.51	0.10	0.00	60
Naval architecture and marine engineering	75,208	33,423	0.48	0.15	0.00	60	
Nuclear engineering	90,963	34,250	0.65	0.08	0.01	160	
Other engineering	84,200	44,406	0.47	0.06	0.07	800	
Petroleum engineering	86,592	47,336	0.52	0.12	0.03	250	
English/ Languages/ Literature	English Language, literature and letters	64,104	52,831	0.14	0.02	4.10	9,560
	Linguistics	52,792	29,333	0.05	0.07	0.17	460
	Other foreign languages and literature	62,164	45,711	0.15	0.02	1.77	5,090
Fine/ Performing Arts	Dramatic arts	54,597	47,867	0.02	0.05	0.33	640
	Fine arts, all fields	55,538	39,298	0.06	0.03	1.39	2,780
	Music, all fields	54,861	55,543	-0.02	0.03	0.67	1,260
	Other visual and performing arts	61,266	70,217	0.13	0.03	0.99	1,880
Health Related Fields	Audiology and speech pathology	59,865	27,473	0.07	0.03	0.72	2,660
	Health/medical assistants	56,178	22,904	0.27	0.08	0.07	230
	Health/medical technologies	68,643	46,404	0.29	0.02	0.79	3,540
	Medical preparatory programs (e.g., pre- dentistry, pre-medical, pre-veterinary)	112,501	106,275	0.27	0.04	0.38	1,510
	Medicine (e.g., dentistry, optometry, osteo- pathic, podiatry, veterinary)	109,742	86,336	0.35	0.07	0.26	940
	Other health/medical sciences	63,282	46,078	0.20	0.03	0.86	2,830
	Pharmacy	100,083	45,271	0.61	0.03	0.49	1,730
	Physical therapy and other rehabilita- tion/therapeutic services	65,973	43,331	0.26	0.02	1.22	3,350
Public health (including environmental health and epidemiology)	52,074	28,728	0.07	0.04	0.29	1,140	

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Aggregated BA major	Disaggregated BA major	Earnings		BA earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
		Mean	SD	Mean	SE		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Marketing	Business marketing/marketing management	72,564	63,812	0.34	0.03	2.46	4,380
	Marketing research	61,849	35,194	0.25	0.05	0.18	320
Nursing	Nursing (4 years or longer program)	74,691	46,982	0.37	0.02	6.55	17,190
Other Humanities	History, other	69,154	67,014	0.17	0.02	2.56	6,100
	Liberal arts/general studies	68,358	62,063	0.20	0.03	1.35	3,320
	Other philosophy, religion, theology	51,888	32,194	0.00	0.04	0.45	990
Other Non-S and E fields	Criminal justice/protective services	53,252	34,496	0.08	0.03	1.04	2,800
	Health services administration	68,961	66,072	0.25	0.04	0.61	1,760
	Library science	57,049	25,764	0.09	0.08	0.02	80
	Non-Science & Engineering (suppressed)	63,972	28,893	0.28	0.06	0.04	140
	Parks, recreation, leisure, and fitness studies	52,785	29,664	0.04	0.04	0.46	1,110
Other S and E-Related Fields	Architecture/environmental design	70,762	49,857	0.32	0.04	0.55	2,290
	Computer programming	75,718	47,439	0.46	0.05	0.22	1,150
	Data processing	73,529	26,667	0.44	0.05	0.04	210
	Electrical and electronics technologies	74,211	38,554	0.33	0.15	0.07	390
	Industrial production technologies	81,168	68,633	0.46	0.10	0.08	370
	Mechanical engineering-related technologies	73,973	27,563	0.44	0.07	0.03	230
	Other engineering-related technologies	92,313	54,347	0.53	0.09	0.07	440
Other Social and related sciences	All Science & Engineering (suppressed)	30,274	14,078	-0.54	0.10	0.01	20
	Anthropology and archaeology	58,341	55,339	0.06	0.03	0.45	2,530
	Area and ethnic studies	62,797	46,032	0.18	0.03	0.46	2,520
	Criminology	49,056	25,649	0.04	0.03	0.26	1,250
	Geography	54,618	32,668	0.08	0.04	0.28	1,400
	History of science	71,289	46,168	0.25	0.09	0.07	220
	Home Economics	54,399	33,024	0.02	0.03	0.64	2,520
	International relations	78,731	79,484	0.29	0.03	0.53	2,890
	Other social sciences	54,369	30,677	0.06	0.03	0.88	3,600
	Philosophy of science	69,988	42,521	0.18	0.08	0.09	290
Physical and related sciences	Public policy studies	87,466	120,715	0.27	0.09	0.08	500
	Sociology	55,884	38,892	0.09	0.02	3.95	16,750
	Astronomy and astrophysics	79,241	79,847	0.35	0.13	0.01	170
	Atmospheric sciences and meteorology	66,039	37,910	0.20	0.12	0.03	350
	Chemistry, except biochemistry	73,791	57,745	0.26	0.02	1.48	13,940
	Earth sciences	49,272	24,735	0.02	0.07	0.06	690
	Geological sciences, other	61,185	36,776	0.18	0.12	0.02	360
	Geology	66,751	36,822	0.23	0.04	0.24	3,040
	Other physical sciences	63,022	38,505	0.12	0.05	0.12	890
	Oceanography	61,036	24,440	0.31	0.08	0.01	130
Political science	Physics, except biophysics	71,742	46,697	0.27	0.03	0.23	3,120
	Physical & Related Sci (suppressed)						
	Science, unclassified	49,601	27,245	0.08	0.05	0.06	350
	Law/prelaw/legal studies	68,433	62,370	0.11	0.05	0.25	930
	Other public affairs	52,328	24,360	0.05	0.05	0.09	330
Psychology or Social Work	Political science and government	76,558	65,810	0.25	0.02	3.06	13,010
	Public administration	63,389	42,740	0.17	0.05	0.10	540
	Clinical psychology	72,992	60,474	0.21	0.04	0.48	2,260
	Counseling psychology	56,549	37,379	0.10	0.03	0.45	1,850
	Experimental psychology	77,151	59,225	0.15	0.08	0.16	660
	General psychology	54,159	40,878	0.10	0.02	4.89	20,020
	Industrial/Organizational psychology	63,623	44,187	0.22	0.05	0.20	830
	Other psychology	58,615	40,413	0.12	0.02	0.65	2,690
Social Work	54,272	42,471	0.03	0.02	0.95	4,070	
Social psychology	59,519	34,943	0.11	0.03	0.38	1,500	

Note: The table presents the statistics of the disaggregated BA fields of study. Column 1 presents 19 aggregated BA fields that are constructed from 144 disaggregated BA fields. For each disaggregated field, columns 2-8 present its field name, mean and standard deviation of earnings, its coefficient and standard error from a disaggregated additive earnings regression, percentage in the sample, and cell counts. The reference category of the disaggregated additive earnings regression is elementary teacher education. Disaggregated BA fields with less than 10 observations are removed from the table. See notes for Table A1.

Table A3: Aggregation of advanced fields and degree type: Men

Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE		
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
(1)	(2)	(3)							(10)	(11)
Law	Law/prelaw/legal studies	Master	108,014	66,282	-0.47	0.26	0.20	0.13	0.17	200
		Prof	153,808	129,547	-0.31	0.13	0.48	0.01	11.94	12,810
MBA	Business, general	Master	134,407	100,428	-0.44	0.25	0.30	0.02	2.84	5,290
		Prof								
	Business administration and management	Master	126,779	103,786	-0.45	0.22	0.25	0.01	11.50	20,690
		Prof	67,698	22,870	-0.57	0.31	0.00	0.03	0.01	10
	Business and managerial economics	Master	122,434	101,193	-0.46	0.22	0.16	0.05	0.43	650
		Prof								
Other business management/administrative services	Master	111,125	107,684	-0.50	0.23	0.17	0.03	1.86	3,120	
	Prof	112,627	61,679	-0.47	0.10	0.14	0.24	0.02	20	
Medicine	Medicine (e.g., dentistry, optometry, osteopathic, podiatry, veterinary)	Master	142,137	110,187	-0.31	0.26	0.45	0.09	0.14	320
		Prof	206,621	154,102	-0.12	0.17	0.79	0.01	10.55	17,760
Master's in arts	Dramatic arts	Master	75,091	38,729	-0.71	0.21	0.04	0.08	0.18	200
		Prof								
	Fine arts, all fields	Master	69,682	44,900	-0.73	0.22	-0.10	0.05	0.50	490
		Prof								
Music, all fields	Master	65,960	72,732	-0.80	0.22	-0.05	0.05	0.49	480	
Other visual and performing arts	Master	93,307	105,705	-0.72	0.25	0.07	0.11	0.22	240	
Master's in biological/agricultural/environmental/life sciences	Animal sciences	Master	53,941	33,795	-0.78	0.26	-0.06	0.07	0.06	280
	Biochemistry and biophysics	Master	81,641	61,452	-0.65	0.21	0.02	0.07	0.11	550
	Biology, general	Master	70,288	37,495	-0.71	0.22	-0.10	0.04	0.45	1,580
	Botany	Master	58,797	26,422	-0.71	0.21	-0.17	0.06	0.04	210
	Cell and molecular biology	Master	63,097	46,446	-0.72	0.18	-0.10	0.05	0.07	410
	Ecology	Master	72,082	49,842	-0.68	0.21	-0.12	0.05	0.12	580
	Environmental science or studies	Master	79,778	38,224	-0.59	0.21	0.03	0.04	0.25	1,150
		Prof								
	Food sciences and technology	Master	99,725	70,128	-0.59	0.21	0.23	0.08	0.08	360
		Prof								
	Forestry sciences	Master	74,059	33,705	-0.71	0.26	-0.08	0.09	0.13	610
		Prof								
	Genetics, animal and plant	Master	81,748	45,532	-0.65	0.23	0.03	0.09	0.06	190
		Prof								
	Microbiological sciences and immunology	Master	82,405	49,334	-0.67	0.20	0.01	0.07	0.12	550
Prof										
Nutritional sciences	Master	60,134	33,663	-0.68	0.25	-0.18	0.16	0.02	60	
	Prof									
Other agricultural sciences	Master	69,667	30,687	-0.73	0.20	-0.03	0.06	0.14	520	
	Prof									
Other biological sciences	Master	82,174	67,980	-0.63	0.26	0.05	0.04	0.21	970	
	Prof									
Other conservation and natural resources	Master	75,340	35,586	-0.68	0.18	-0.03	0.04	0.15	650	
Pharmacology, human and animal	Master	93,046	36,471	-0.57	0.19	0.13	0.07	0.03	140	
Physiology and pathology, human and animal	Master	70,967	48,427	-0.63	0.23	-0.18	0.17	0.10	340	
Plant sciences	Master	61,650	45,063	-0.72	0.20	-0.11	0.06	0.18	760	
Zoology, general	Master	74,665	47,734	-0.68	0.21	-0.08	0.07	0.11	490	

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Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Master's in business-related fields	Accounting	Master Prof	135,336	116,285	-0.44	0.19	0.28	0.04	1.37	1,360
	Actuarial science	Master	203,586	225,494	-0.23	0.21	0.53	0.14	0.03	70
	Agricultural economics	Master	105,324	71,666	-0.50	0.22	0.27	0.07	0.22	480
	Business marketing/marketing management	Master	135,844	118,740	-0.44	0.22	0.30	0.04	1.46	2,160
	Financial management	Master Prof	152,760	142,711	-0.42	0.19	0.37	0.02	4.83	6,810
	Marketing research	Master	115,226	70,580	-0.46	0.20	0.20	0.06	0.34	390
	Other agricultural business and production	Master	79,462	46,041	-0.73	0.33	0.02	0.14	0.10	160
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	Applied mathematics	Master	101,251	61,539	-0.52	0.25	0.15	0.04	0.17	760
	Computer and information sciences, general	Master	102,851	49,486	-0.47	0.16	0.19	0.02	0.74	2,470
	Computer programming	Master	104,678	48,536	-0.44	0.14	0.19	0.06	0.11	330
	Computer science	Master Prof	108,730	62,287	-0.43	0.13	0.21	0.01	2.69	10,310
	Computer systems analysis	Master	111,942	48,886	-0.46	0.16	0.21	0.05	0.22	640
	Data processing	Master Prof	103,695	52,955	-0.47	0.09	0.07	0.19	0.02	100
	Information services and systems	Master	108,000	57,924	-0.46	0.15	0.23	0.03	0.65	2,250
	Mathematics, general	Master	86,416	55,054	-0.61	0.25	0.00	0.03	0.58	2,050
	Other computer and information sciences	Master	119,815	88,483	-0.49	0.15	0.29	0.06	0.25	960
	Other mathematics	Master	115,479	85,386	-0.49	0.18	0.18	0.07	0.06	210
	Operations research	Master Prof	116,126	55,521	-0.45	0.18	0.22	0.03	0.40	1,260
	Statistics	Master	93,472	48,709	-0.50	0.20	0.12	0.04	0.24	1,350
	Computer teacher education	Master	70,344	19,076	-0.73	0.18	-0.03	0.06	0.10	170
	Counselor education and guidance	Master	70,939	34,936	-0.79	0.23	-0.01	0.02	0.94	1,230
Education administration	Master Prof	81,802	39,486	-0.66	0.24	0.10	0.02	3.08	3,160	
Educational psychology	Master	70,215	30,509	-0.77	0.25	-0.02	0.04	0.51	790	
Elementary teacher education	Master Prof	70,812	50,029	-0.79	0.19	-0.05	0.04	0.60	580	
Mathematics teacher education	Master Prof	74,502	34,611	-0.77	0.19	-0.05	0.05	0.41	670	
Master's in education fields	Other education	Master Prof	72,187	33,444	-0.75	0.22	-0.02	0.02	2.05	2,390
	Physical education and coaching	Master Prof	109,847	77,577	-0.71	0.44	0.13	0.44	0.02	20
	Pre-school/childhood teacher education	Master	67,156	29,136	-0.77	0.19	-0.04	0.03	0.49	460
	Science teacher education	Master Prof	59,093	19,594	-0.78	0.25	-0.15	0.12	0.04	40
	Secondary teacher education	Master Prof	65,646	29,486	-0.81	0.17	-0.17	0.05	0.36	650
	Social science teacher education	Master	70,787	46,803	-0.78	0.20	-0.06	0.02	1.45	1,790
	Special education	Master	71,045	27,593	-0.81	0.19	-0.05	0.04	0.26	360
		Master Prof	77,274	40,254	-0.77	0.20	0.08	0.03	0.70	680

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Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE		
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)		
(1)	(2)	(3)							(10)	(11)
Master's in engineering	Aerospace, aeronautical, astronautical/space engineering	Master	104,215	48,361	-0.44	0.20	0.13	0.03	0.45	3,800
	Agricultural engineering	Master	82,472	42,585	-0.51	0.21	0.03	0.05	0.06	290
	Architectural engineering	Master	102,838	88,249	-0.52	0.17	0.05	0.06	0.07	350
	Bioengineering and biomedical engineering	Master	96,196	77,545	-0.58	0.23	0.08	0.06	0.11	860
	Chemical engineering	Master	114,708	61,126	-0.34	0.16	0.14	0.03	0.47	3,760
	Civil engineering	Master	100,514	69,777	-0.42	0.14	0.09	0.01	1.35	8,950
	Computer and systems engineering	Master	116,980	55,689	-0.41	0.12	0.23	0.01	1.06	5,500
	Electrical, electronics and communications engineering	Master	112,013	67,986	-0.39	0.13	0.19	0.01	2.97	16,980
	Engineering, general	Master	108,001	65,054	-0.41	0.18	0.13	0.05	0.15	870
	Engineering sciences, mechanics and physics	Master	115,792	74,431	-0.43	0.14	0.19	0.04	0.16	900
	Environmental engineering	Master	101,101	43,365	-0.40	0.13	0.13	0.02	0.39	2,160
	Geophysical and geological engineering	Master	102,600	52,830	-0.42	0.18	0.06	0.05	0.04	310
	Industrial and manufacturing engineering	Master	101,892	54,291	-0.45	0.15	0.16	0.02	0.53	3,930
	Materials engineering, including ceramic and textile sciences	Master	96,501	40,024	-0.43	0.13	0.12	0.04	0.21	1,180
	Mechanical engineering	Master	100,129	53,166	-0.44	0.14	0.10	0.01	1.57	11,000
	Metallurgical engineering	Master	107,417	39,611	-0.43	0.15	0.15	0.07	0.09	450
	Mining and minerals engineering	Master	102,492	32,566	-0.29	0.32	0.14	0.09	0.03	140
	Naval architecture and marine engineering	Master	101,916	40,981	-0.42	0.12	0.07	0.08	0.03	200
	Nuclear engineering	Master	109,988	43,353	-0.41	0.13	0.14	0.03	0.12	700
	Other engineering	Master	100,311	39,938	-0.43	0.15	0.13	0.02	0.56	3,110
Petroleum engineering	Master	150,943	124,169	-0.19	0.26	0.29	0.08	0.06	280	
Master's in health services	Health services administration	Master Prof	110,512	76,732	-0.44	0.24	0.28	0.04	0.63	1,010
Master's in health-related fields	Audiology and speech pathology	Master Prof	86,290	54,155	-0.57	0.17	0.14	0.09	0.11	230
	Health/medical assistants	Master Prof	95,615	25,849	-0.53	0.18	0.33	0.08	0.09	170
	Health/medical technologies	Master Prof	113,756	106,261	-0.64	0.24	0.21	0.12	0.04	130
	Medical preparatory programs (e.g., pre-dentistry, pre-medical, pre-veterinary)	Master	167,840	104,052	-0.39	0.46	0.54	0.28	0.00	20
		Prof	168,972	75,616	-0.10	0.15	0.74	0.07	0.09	190
	Other health/medical sciences	Master	92,075	95,591	-0.64	0.27	0.09	0.06	0.30	640
		Prof	166,548	128,642	-0.14	0.17	0.61	0.10	0.09	150
	Pharmacy	Master	115,290	50,453	-0.48	0.20	0.21	0.11	0.07	210
		Prof	132,061	71,920	-0.50	0.11	0.54	0.05	0.28	460
	Physical therapy and other rehabilitation/therapeutic services	Master	79,700	37,812	-0.60	0.20	0.10	0.04	0.52	940
		Prof	97,077	82,994	-0.48	0.20	0.44	0.08	0.03	40
	Public health (including environmental health and epidemiology)	Master	87,907	72,092	-0.58	0.22	0.13	0.04	0.37	960
Prof										

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Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Master's in humanity fields	English Language, literature and letters	Master Prof	72,650	54,307	-0.76	0.23	-0.08	0.04	0.50	630
	History, other	Master	81,343	78,645	-0.73	0.28	-0.06	0.04	0.68	740
		Prof	111,007	40,688	-0.34	0.17	0.33	0.08	0.07	40
	Liberal arts/general studies	Master Prof	73,432	35,297	-0.76	0.29	-0.03	0.06	0.17	220
	Linguistics	Master	63,168	27,469	-0.77	0.17	-0.10	0.07	0.07	140
	Other foreign languages and literature	Master Prof	86,135	76,766	-0.73	0.26	-0.00	0.08	0.24	330
	Other philosophy, religion, theology	Master	55,783	36,667	-0.97	0.29	-0.29	0.02	2.19	2,110
Prof		52,820	36,035	-1.02	0.26	-0.45	0.09	0.20	160	
Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	Communications, general	Master Prof	81,828	51,634	-0.62	0.24	0.04	0.08	0.22	350
	Criminal justice/protective services	Master	84,764	86,010	-0.64	0.28	0.11	0.05	0.40	510
		Prof	140,239	105,353	-0.32	0.08	0.58	0.14	0.05	30
	Journalism	Master	92,154	60,006	-0.67	0.20	0.08	0.06	0.19	210
	Library science	Master	66,400	27,621	-0.79	0.24	-0.12	0.04	0.40	400
	Non-Science & Engineering (suppressed)	Master								
	Other communication	Master	86,170	49,132	-0.60	0.28	0.05	0.08	0.27	360
Parks, recreation, leisure, and fitness studies	Master	68,798	29,905	-0.68	0.22	-0.03	0.05	0.37	380	
Master's in nursing	Nursing (4 years or longer program)	Master	139,404	58,733	-0.46	0.15	0.55	0.04	0.38	690
	Astronomy and astrophysics	Master	82,639	73,377	-0.50	0.19	-0.07	0.15	0.02	170
	Atmospheric sciences and meteorology	Master	88,894	44,900	-0.47	0.13	0.08	0.06	0.09	620
Master's in physical and related sciences	Chemistry, except biochemistry	Master	82,620	52,153	-0.60	0.19	0.01	0.04	0.51	3,270
	Earth sciences	Master	75,002	30,171	-0.73	0.17	0.02	0.04	0.08	350
	Geological sciences, other	Master	93,410	47,306	-0.52	0.18	0.12	0.05	0.11	670
		Geology	Master	92,455	55,223	-0.58	0.20	0.10	0.03	0.42
	Other physical sciences	Master	80,925	34,011	-0.64	0.28	0.05	0.05	0.08	310
	Oceanography	Master	97,589	142,619	-0.52	0.21	-0.02	0.11	0.03	150
	Physics, except biophysics	Master Prof	95,604	60,646	-0.50	0.19	0.04	0.03	0.49	3,080
Science, unclassified	Master	72,958	26,995	-0.68	0.21	-0.13	0.05	0.03	150	

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Aggregated advanced degrees	Disaggregated advanced degree field	Adv.deg. type	Earnings		Occ prem.		OLS Earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count	
			Mean	SD	Mean	SD	Coef	SE			
			(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)			
(1)	(2)	(3)								(10)	(11)
Master's in psychology and social work	Clinical psychology	Master	77,242	52,919	-0.66	0.28	0.01	0.06	0.28	690	
		Prof	82,448	31,405	-0.72	0.22	0.08	0.15	0.01	40	
	Counseling psychology	Master	66,507	34,739	-0.77	0.29	-0.10	0.03	0.88	1,940	
		Prof									
	Experimental psychology	Master	69,449	49,933	-0.69	0.21	-0.23	0.20	0.07	200	
		Prof									
	General psychology	Master	73,223	43,454	-0.64	0.25	0.01	0.05	0.31	710	
		Prof	111,090	48,368	-0.69	0.36	0.23	0.32	0.01	10	
	Industrial/Organizational psychology	Master	99,156	85,545	-0.53	0.20	0.27	0.06	0.20	380	
	Other psychology	Master	71,417	37,122	-0.73	0.22	-0.04	0.05	0.23	580	
Social Work		Master	73,058	33,196	-0.74	0.28	0.01	0.03	0.99	1,960	
		Prof	129,648	62,616	-0.46	0.27	0.44	0.15	0.01	20	
Social psychology		Master	85,448	44,626	-0.76	0.33	0.11	0.14	0.05	100	
		Prof									
Master's in public admin	Other public affairs	Master	69,616	36,604	-0.68	0.29	-0.13	0.10	0.09	180	
	Public administration	Master	94,429	46,644	-0.49	0.26	0.15	0.03	1.43	2,030	
Master's in other science and engineering-related fields	Architecture/environmental design	Master	93,979	71,602	-0.56	0.21	0.07	0.03	1.34	2,220	
		Prof	89,188	58,615	-0.63	0.11	0.03	0.14	0.01	20	
	Electrical and electronics technologies	Master	103,113	47,805	-0.45	0.17	0.17	0.09	0.14	440	
		Prof	92,999	28,795	-0.46	0.20	0.22	0.09	0.00	10	
	Industrial production technologies	Master	84,485	42,437	-0.58	0.29	-0.07	0.07	0.13	320	
	Mechanical engineering-related technologies	Master	112,056	42,615	-0.48	0.25	0.18	0.08	0.15	450	
		Prof									
	Other engineering-related technologies	Master	107,318	78,427	-0.49	0.19	0.17	0.04	0.26	800	
		Prof									
	Master's in other social and related sciences	Anthropology and archaeology	Master	68,061	45,616	-0.69	0.21	-0.07	0.07	0.10	560
Area and ethnic studies		Master	65,854	38,814	-0.76	0.23	-0.16	0.14	0.11	340	
Criminology		Master	78,170	34,273	-0.69	0.26	0.15	0.08	0.10	280	
Economics		Master	116,941	101,565	-0.47	0.22	0.18	0.04	0.73	2,770	
Geography		Master	80,222	44,495	-0.60	0.25	0.02	0.06	0.28	830	
History of science		Master	75,760	36,488	-0.65	0.20	-0.10	0.18	0.03	40	
Home Economics		Master	62,951	33,818	-0.53	0.28	-0.31	0.21	0.02	80	
International relations		Master	111,639	84,759	-0.55	0.29	0.27	0.07	0.36	1,140	
Other social sciences		Master	66,700	34,229	-0.69	0.24	-0.12	0.06	0.24	720	
Philosophy of science		Master	41,540	19,825	-0.81	0.29	-0.47	0.09	0.02	40	
Political science and government		Master	91,319	71,069	-0.61	0.26	0.04	0.04	0.57	1,330	
Public policy studies		Master	114,268	94,989	-0.48	0.26	0.29	0.05	0.26	1,040	
Sociology		Master	74,745	57,802	-0.69	0.26	-0.02	0.04	0.34	1,060	

Note: The table present statistics for disaggregated advanced degrees for men. See the notes to Table A1.

Table A4: Aggregation of BA fields: Men

Aggregated BA major	Disaggregated BA major	Earnings		BA earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
		Mean	SD	Mean	SE		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Biological/ agricultural/ environmental sciences	Animal sciences	75,754	56,215	-0.06	0.04	0.38	2,510
	Biochemistry and biophysics	140,314	140,518	0.25	0.04	0.41	3,260
	Biology, general	120,319	114,420	0.14	0.03	2.95	19,650
	Botany	69,299	47,676	-0.10	0.10	0.04	330
	Cell and molecular biology	137,936	175,270	0.25	0.08	0.13	1,010
	Ecology	83,168	97,232	0.08	0.07	0.16	1,400
	Environmental science or studies	69,024	55,025	0.05	0.04	0.33	3,270
	Food sciences and technology	83,239	50,873	0.23	0.05	0.08	800
	Forestry sciences	77,364	56,548	0.08	0.04	0.30	3,120
	Genetics, animal and plant	97,839	69,016	0.10	0.07	0.02	210
	Microbiological sciences and immunology	130,316	159,595	0.19	0.06	0.20	1,740
	Nutritional sciences	97,316	90,238	0.08	0.08	0.03	180
	Other agricultural sciences	70,056	40,363	0.02	0.04	0.30	2,090
	Other biological sciences	99,098	98,678	0.14	0.04	0.27	2,130
	Other conservation and natural resources	68,934	36,839	0.01	0.04	0.19	1,930
	Pharmacology, human and animal	112,892	131,492	0.30	0.09	0.02	190
	Physiology and pathology, human and animal	103,260	83,716	0.21	0.04	0.14	910
	Plant sciences	68,165	60,367	0.00	0.04	0.37	2,890
		Environmental Sciences (suppressed)					
	Zoology, general	130,529	115,712	0.14	0.04	0.42	2,710
Business	Accounting	111,049	101,750	0.40	0.03	4.99	11,840
	Actuarial science	139,676	107,840	0.73	0.06	0.10	470
	Agricultural economics	84,275	62,419	0.19	0.04	0.90	2,260
	Business, general	94,187	81,187	0.23	0.03	2.50	6,710
	Business administration and management	93,638	81,251	0.25	0.03	6.14	17,280
	Business and managerial economics	106,057	89,269	0.36	0.03	0.99	2,900
	Financial management	118,139	119,460	0.43	0.03	2.80	7,300
	Other agricultural business and production	66,724	49,493	-0.02	0.05	0.31	1,020
	Other business management/administrative services	90,289	65,787	0.27	0.03	1.53	4,890
Communications/ Journalism	Communications, general	82,218	95,746	0.13	0.04	1.05	2,780
	Journalism	84,663	71,700	0.18	0.04	0.81	2,010
	Other communication	80,176	59,776	0.15	0.04	0.59	1,670
Computer and mathematical sciences	Applied mathematics	105,072	89,886	0.36	0.04	0.38	3,350
	Computer and information sciences, general	87,838	50,090	0.36	0.03	0.89	7,060
	Computer science	97,858	61,961	0.44	0.03	3.37	31,520
	Computer systems analysis	89,930	55,619	0.38	0.04	0.15	1,290
	Information services and systems	86,833	54,898	0.33	0.03	0.77	6,160
	Mathematics, general	95,147	77,794	0.25	0.03	1.74	13,950
	Other computer and information sciences	66,069	36,358	0.11	0.04	0.22	1,480
	Other mathematics	91,590	51,723	0.30	0.04	0.14	1,100
	Operations research	97,779	66,996	0.41	0.05	0.10	750
	Computer & Info Sci. (suppressed)						
	Statistics	104,678	68,996	0.39	0.05	0.19	1,650
Economics	Economics	115,478	111,454	0.41	0.03	3.93	22,560

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Aggregated BA major	Disaggregated BA major	Earnings		BA earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
		Mean	SD	Mean	SE		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Education	Computer teacher education	76,727	29,983	0.16	0.09	0.01	60
	Counselor education and guidance	60,199	32,754	-0.06	0.09	0.03	100
	Education administration	72,598	41,338	0.03	0.06	0.04	140
	Educational psychology	76,553	46,033	0.04	0.05	0.19	500
	Elementary teacher education	66,491	39,663	0.00		0.47	1,130
	Mathematics teacher education	67,261	31,332	-0.02	0.04	0.27	990
	Other education	72,883	51,919	0.02	0.03	1.04	3,070
	Physical education and coaching	72,833	63,930	0.03	0.03	1.22	3,210
	Pre-school/kindergarten/early teacher education	55,140	21,473	-0.06	0.07	0.02	30
	Science teacher education	75,543	60,646	0.01	0.05	0.29	1,150
	Secondary teacher education	68,099	46,072	-0.01	0.03	0.61	1,770
	Social science teacher education	73,034	56,725	-0.01	0.04	0.41	1,280
Special education	67,374	42,198	0.01	0.04	0.12	340	
Engineering	Aerospace, aeronautical, astronautical/space engineering	100,490	57,220	0.41	0.03	0.67	10,650
	Agricultural engineering	83,302	43,904	0.27	0.04	0.15	1,770
	Architectural engineering	94,093	68,116	0.35	0.04	0.23	2,460
	Bioengineering and biomedical engineering	122,623	137,826	0.38	0.05	0.09	1,430
	Chemical engineering	116,995	86,661	0.50	0.03	1.18	18,990
	Civil engineering	98,668	70,726	0.40	0.03	2.37	34,900
	Computer and systems engineering	107,150	63,994	0.54	0.03	1.01	12,950
	Electrical, electronics and communications en- gineering	104,051	64,101	0.46	0.03	4.71	64,880
	Engineering, general	108,304	83,089	0.38	0.03	0.29	2,850
	Engineering sciences, mechanics and physics	98,210	73,500	0.34	0.04	0.22	2,610
	Environmental engineering	91,568	47,529	0.36	0.04	0.11	1,430
	Geophysical and geological engineering	103,432	94,122	0.39	0.06	0.03	450
	Industrial and manufacturing engineering	103,318	73,300	0.39	0.03	0.91	11,550
	Materials engineering, including ceramic and textile sciences	89,520	48,419	0.34	0.04	0.18	2,510
	Mechanical engineering	100,745	62,376	0.44	0.03	3.90	57,450
	Metallurgical engineering	102,557	58,907	0.34	0.04	0.15	1,820
	Mining and minerals engineering	99,166	78,005	0.32	0.05	0.08	870
Naval architecture and marine engineering	101,696	51,609	0.40	0.05	0.12	1,350	
Nuclear engineering	112,245	57,562	0.50	0.04	0.10	1,300	
Other engineering	109,043	83,846	0.42	0.04	0.41	4,250	
Petroleum engineering	130,107	118,349	0.58	0.06	0.13	1,630	
English/ Languages/ Literature	English Language, literature and letters	86,497	87,052	0.10	0.04	1.83	5,610
	Linguistics	69,130	46,402	0.03	0.10	0.07	260
	Other foreign languages and literature	83,282	68,151	0.14	0.04	0.55	2,110
Fine/ Performing Arts	Dramatic arts	74,002	56,530	0.02	0.07	0.18	500
	Fine arts, all fields	75,642	77,710	0.09	0.05	0.81	2,190
	Music, all fields	70,050	87,336	0.01	0.05	0.58	1,700
	Other visual and performing arts	73,988	59,665	0.10	0.04	0.76	1,880
Health Related Fields	Audiology and speech pathology	82,267	54,873	0.14	0.08	0.04	200
	Health/medical assistants	146,596	182,840	0.45	0.13	0.03	110
	Health/medical technologies	81,354	52,895	0.13	0.05	0.22	1,300
	Medical preparatory programs (e.g., pre- dentistry, pre-medical, pre-veterinary)	194,239	165,932	0.25	0.04	0.55	2,590
	Medicine (e.g., dentistry, optometry, osteo- pathic, podiatry, veterinary)	182,855	185,465	0.27	0.07	0.24	1,170
	Other health/medical sciences	91,506	83,548	0.18	0.05	0.23	1,160
	Pharmacy	116,428	67,294	0.47	0.04	0.50	2,180
	Physical therapy and other rehabilita- tion/therapeutic services	80,539	60,639	0.14	0.05	0.31	1,280
Public health (including environmental health and epidemiology)	77,150	42,954	0.07	0.05	0.14	690	

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Aggregated BA major	Disaggregated BA major	Earnings		BA earnings prem.		Perc. in sample	Cell count
		Mean	SD	Mean	SE		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Marketing	Business marketing/marketing management	100,206	85,042	0.35	0.03	2.65	6,300
	Marketing research	85,957	73,205	0.23	0.05	0.25	560
Nursing	Nursing (4 years or longer program)	89,460	55,969	0.28	0.04	0.54	2,240
Other Humanities	History, other	92,415	87,584	0.14	0.03	3.69	10,980
	Liberal arts/general studies	94,592	94,078	0.09	0.04	0.87	3,230
	Other philosophy, religion, theology	67,149	63,774	-0.08	0.04	0.91	2,580
	Criminal justice/protective services	71,732	48,788	0.11	0.03	1.11	3,260
Other Non-S and E fields	Health services administration	76,726	56,867	0.11	0.06	0.18	720
	Library science	47,651	17,451	-0.15	0.09	0.01	20
	Non-Science & Engineering (suppressed)	96,816	63,185	0.28	0.08	0.06	250
	Parks, recreation, leisure, and fitness studies	66,201	62,496	-0.00	0.04	0.38	1,120
	Architecture/environmental design	92,740	73,746	0.26	0.03	1.20	5,760
Other S and E-Related Fields	Computer programming	95,941	64,277	0.39	0.04	0.45	2,610
	Data processing	85,070	30,871	0.32	0.06	0.05	350
	Electrical and electronics technologies	86,802	45,592	0.34	0.03	0.62	5,320
	Industrial production technologies	83,728	48,802	0.20	0.04	0.56	2,950
	Mechanical engineering-related technologies	89,668	40,239	0.35	0.03	0.44	3,480
	Other engineering-related technologies	91,200	67,181	0.30	0.04	0.49	2,950
	All Science & Engineering (suppressed)	114,218	57,684	0.46	0.23	0.01	40
Other Social and related sciences	Anthropology and archaeology	74,467	80,695	-0.02	0.05	0.23	1,770
	Area and ethnic studies	92,640	117,778	0.12	0.07	0.15	1,120
	Criminology	68,805	35,392	0.12	0.04	0.30	1,450
	Geography	73,273	53,144	0.09	0.04	0.45	3,030
	History of science	93,160	75,372	0.12	0.07	0.09	400
	Home Economics	79,797	73,305	0.13	0.09	0.05	280
	International relations	93,772	81,295	0.27	0.04	0.31	1,960
	Other social sciences	75,510	64,047	0.11	0.04	0.56	2,960
	Philosophy of science	101,666	94,736	0.22	0.05	0.19	930
	Public policy studies	87,067	76,666	0.07	0.08	0.05	320
	Sociology	76,522	67,383	0.09	0.03	1.73	9,160
Physical and related sciences	Astronomy and astrophysics	63,748	43,365	-0.02	0.10	0.02	220
	Atmospheric sciences and meteorology	78,841	43,850	0.17	0.04	0.07	1,510
	Chemistry, except biochemistry	110,983	93,207	0.21	0.03	2.00	21,490
	Earth sciences	67,486	37,881	0.06	0.07	0.09	1,130
	Geological sciences, other	86,377	80,372	0.22	0.06	0.05	890
	Geology	87,865	70,216	0.18	0.03	0.60	8,360
	Other physical sciences	92,056	64,311	0.13	0.05	0.18	1,530
	Oceanography	75,349	40,314	0.06	0.13	0.03	290
	Physics, except biophysics	99,053	73,818	0.29	0.03	0.90	12,520
	Physical & Related Sci (suppressed)						
Political science	Science, unclassified	87,732	51,602	0.24	0.05	0.11	860
	Law/prelaw/legal studies	100,003	99,140	0.16	0.05	0.17	940
	Other public affairs	105,134	64,693	0.29	0.17	0.04	150
	Political science and government	106,347	100,724	0.24	0.03	3.84	19,020
Psychology or Social Work	Public administration	107,969	105,474	0.28	0.07	0.15	750
	Clinical psychology	84,870	87,164	0.05	0.05	0.23	1,170
	Counseling psychology	69,509	39,903	-0.02	0.05	0.16	850
	Experimental psychology	102,748	103,125	0.19	0.06	0.13	760
	General psychology	78,158	71,863	0.08	0.03	1.84	9,220
	Industrial/Organizational psychology	95,788	60,249	0.25	0.06	0.11	630
	Other psychology	92,126	73,800	0.13	0.04	0.26	1,380
	Social Work	65,175	34,068	-0.04	0.06	0.18	950
Social psychology	79,708	49,555	0.11	0.06	0.14	810	

Note: The table repeats the statistics presented in Table A2 for men.

Table A5: Summary statistics of the control variables

	Male (1)	Female (2)
Panel A: Gender composition of the regression sample		
Sample composition	58.240	41.760
Panel B: Father's Education		
Less than high school	14.370	14.013
High school diploma	27.539	26.868
Associate degree	17.588	20.105
College Degree	21.471	20.065
Masters degree (incl. MBA)	6.456	6.980
Professional degree	10.414	9.864
Doctorate	2.160	2.105
Panel C: Mother's Education		
Less than high school	11.782	11.554
High school diploma	38.733	33.954
Associate degree	20.646	24.734
College Degree	18.793	18.503
Masters degree (incl. MBA)	5.091	6.255
Professional degree	4.270	4.330
Doctorate	0.606	0.613
Missing	0.081	0.057
Panel D: Race and Ethnicity		
Asian	6.758	6.913
Black, Hispanic	0.151	0.268
Black, Non-Hispanic	4.682	8.752
Native American	0.580	0.728
White, Hispanic	3.788	4.796
White, Non-Hispanic	82.787	76.815
Other	1.253	1.727

Note: Weighted summary statistics for demographic controls for the regression sample, by gender. The values are percentages.

Table A6: Distribution of time gaps between educational experience and earnings observation

	Time from BA completion to pre-Adv obs.	Time from pre-Adv obs. To Adv. Completion	Time from Adv completion to post Adv obs.	Time from BA to Adv completion	Time from Adv completion to post Adv obs. (for individuals with pre and post Adv observations)	Time from BA to Adv completion (for individuals with pre and post Adv observations)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Panel A: Men + Women						
5th quantile	1	1	1	1	1	3
10th quantile	1	2	2	2	1	4
25th quantile	2	2	4	3	1	5
Mean	5.52	3.12	11.46	5.40	2.25	8.42
Median	4	3	9	4	2	7
75th quantile	8	4	18	7	3	11
90th quantile	12	5	25	11	4	15
95th quantile	14	6	28	14	5	17
count	9,820	9,770	388,270	398,040	9,350	19,120
Panel B: Men						
5th quantile	1	1	1	1	1	3
10th quantile	1	2	2	2	1	4
25th quantile	2	2	5	3	1	5
Mean	5.69	3.16	12.41	5.34	2.27	8.63
Median	5	3	11	4	2	8
75th quantile	8	4	19	7	3	11
90th quantile	12	5	26	11	4	15
95th quantile	14	6	29	14	5	17
count	5,450	5,420	232,690	238,110	5,310	10,730
Panel C: Women						
5th quantile	1	1	1	1	1	3
10th quantile	1	2	2	2	1	4
25th quantile	2	2	3	3	1	5
Mean	5.32	3.07	10.04	5.48	2.23	8.15
Median	4	3	8	4	2	7
75th quantile	7	4	15	7	3	10
90th quantile	11	5	22	11	4	14
95th quantile	14	6	27	14	5	17
count	4,370	4,350	155,580	159,930	4,040	8,390

Note: Unweighted summary statistics of the time gaps reported for the regression sample. Panel A shows the statistics of the full sample including men and women. Panels B and C show the statistics of men and women samples separately. Columns 3-4 are estimated from the graduate degree sample, which excludes people never are observed with a graduate degree. Columns 1, 2, 5, and 6 are estimated from a more-restricted subsample in which the individuals are observed working full time before they obtain the advanced degree. Our sample selection rules impose a minimum of 1 for the time gap variables in columns 1-5. Column 2 excludes about 50 pre advanced earnings observations on individuals for whom we dropped post advanced observations because they were reinterviewed only because of occupation. See footnote 12. Unweighted cell counts are rounded to the nearest 10.

Table A7: Age distribution of the earnings observations

	Full sample	Individuals without Adv. Degree	Individuals with Adv. Degree in the future	Individuals with advanced degree
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Panel A: Men+Women				
count	1,020,640	622,560	9,820	388,270
1st quantile	23	23	23	25
10th quantile	26	26	24	28
25th quantile	30	29	25	32
Mean	38.82	38.44	29.29	39.68
Median	38	37	28	39
75th quantile	47	47	32	47
90th quantile	53	53	37	54
99th quantile	59	59	46	59
Panel B: Men				
count	642,550	404,420	5,450	232,690
1st quantile	23	23	23	25
10th quantile	27	26	24	28
25th quantile	31	30	25	32
Mean	39.54	39.12	29.43	40.50
Median	39	38	28	40
75th quantile	47	47	32	48
90th quantile	54	54	37	54
99th quantile	59	59	45	59
Panel C: Women				
count	378,090	218,130	4,370	155,590
1st quantile	23	23	23	24
10th quantile	26	25	23	27
25th quantile	29	28	25	31
Mean	37.61	37.17	29.12	38.46
Median	36	35	27	37
75th quantile	45	45	32	46
90th quantile	52	52	38	53
99th quantile	58	59	46	59

Note: Unweighted summary statistics of individual age are reported for the additive OLS regression sample. Panel A shows the statistics of the pooled sample of men and women. Panels B and C show the statistics of men and women samples separately. Observations based on the survey report of earnings and annual earnings in the previous year are both included. Column 4 is estimated from the graduate degree sample. Column 3 is estimated from the more restricted subsample of individuals who are observed working full time before they obtain an advanced degree. Unweighted cell counts are rounded to the nearest 10.

Table A8: FEcg estimates of effects of advanced degrees by gender: graduate sample

	ln(earnings)		Occ.Prem.		ln(hourly wage)		ln(annual hours)	
	Female (1)	Male (2)	Female (3)	Male (4)	Female (5)	Male (6)	Female (7)	Male (8)
Medicine	.548 (.118)	.464 (.102)	.539 (.088)	.495 (.052)	.334 (.082)	.235 (.088)	.229 (.025)	.285 (.039)
Law	.525 (.070)	.415 (.088)	.350 (.044)	.351 (.049)	.445 (.066)	.322 (.059)	.087 (.021)	.112 (.016)
Master's in business-related fields	.248 (.068)	.153 (.050)	.016 (.022)	.046 (.015)	.176 (.06)	.109 (.032)	.020 (.020)	.062 (.012)
MBA	.145 (.037)	.097 (.022)	.026 (.015)	.006 (.008)	.126 (.031)	.060 (.022)	.026 (.011)	.047 (.007)
Master's in nursing	.208 (.039)	.565 (.106)	.030 (.011)	.066 (.034)	.175 (.034)	.878 (.132)	.006 (.024)	-.190 (.054)
Master's in engineering	.054 (.039)	.123 (.020)	-.009 (.015)	.025 (.011)	.052 (.036)	.080 (.021)	.034 (.013)	.025 (.008)
Master's in health services administration	.296 (.087)	.201 (.129)	.085 (.038)	.126 (.059)	.284 (.079)	.135 (.136)	.028 (.026)	.103 (.033)
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	.232 (.062)	.151 (.034)	.031 (.019)	.016 (.013)	.163 (.063)	.155 (.036)	.019 (.020)	.026 (.011)
Master's in public administration	.160 (.062)	.173 (.069)	.009 (.055)	.100 (.051)	.113 (.055)	.266 (.082)	.012 (.020)	-.009 (.025)
Master's in other science and engineering-related fields	.024 (.088)	-.056 (.051)	.164 (.088)	-.001 (.038)	0.000 (.089)	.002 (.05)	-.012 (.032)	.006 (.035)
Master's in physical and related sciences	.114 (.072)	.173 (.066)	.014 (.024)	-.040 (.025)	-.003 (.087)	.178 (.063)	.072 (.023)	.030 (.020)
Master's in health-related fields	.350 (.056)	.066 (.070)	.110 (.022)	.144 (.048)	.331 (.046)	.133 (.062)	.021 (.017)	.069 (.033)
Master's in other social and related sciences	.150 (.072)	.084 (.091)	.071 (.027)	.065 (.046)	.180 (.08)	.071 (.072)	.013 (.024)	-.031 (.030)
Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	.135 (.069)	.113 (.096)	-.040 (.035)	.035 (.037)	.029 (.063)	.101 (.102)	-.008 (.022)	.008 (.025)
Master's in biological/agricultural/environmental/life sciences	.164 (.065)	.138 (.068)	-.005 (.025)	.045 (.023)	.103 (.060)	.079 (.078)	.025 (.024)	.023 (.026)
Master's in education fields	.199 (.021)	.096 (.030)	.013 (.008)	.057 (.010)	.164 (.021)	.105 (.033)	.017 (.009)	.002 (.015)
Master's in psychology and social work	.194 (.030)	.148 (.062)	.015 (.018)	.018 (.03)	.169 (.035)	.168 (.056)	.029 (.012)	.003 (.022)
Master's in humanity fields	.121 (.066)	-.033 (.093)	-.048 (.031)	-.060 (.034)	.148 (.064)	-.090 (.069)	.018 (.023)	.039 (.026)
Master's in arts	-.010 (.074)	-.094 (.105)	.081 (.085)	-.016 (.043)	.077 (.084)	-.107 (.112)	-.017 (.034)	.083 (.048)

Note: The table reports FEcg estimates of the effects advanced degrees for each dependent variable and gender. The sample is restricted to full time workers who eventually get an advanced degree. The sample for the log of annual hours only uses the current year observation. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The dependent variable is log earnings in 2013 dollars. The 4 dependent variables are the log of earnings, occupational premium, log of hourly wage rate, and log of annual hours. For each dependent variable, the column on the left is for women and the column on the right is for men. The regressions include dummies for each BA field (OLS only) and each advanced degree, as well as race/Hispanic, parental education, the year, a cubic in age, and interactions between a cubic in age and BA field. The age polynomials and the year dummies control for linear birth cohort trend and partially control for nonlinear birth cohort effects. The ln(earnings), occupational premium, and ln(hourly wage) samples have 377,835 and 641,263 observations for females and males, respectively. The ln(annual hours) samples have 196,376 females and 334,648 males, respectively.

Table A9: Internal Rate of Return to Advanced Degrees by Gender: public institution with zero earnings when enrolled, FEcg

	Female				Male			
	PDV actual	PDV counter- factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR	PDV actual	PDV counter- factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Medicine	1.54 [0.03]	1.12 [0.12]	37.01 [17.63]	0.15 [0.03]	2.18 [0.03]	1.25 [0.10]	73.61 [13.60]	0.22 [0.02]
Law	1.37 [0.03]	0.94 [0.05]	45.07 [6.65]	0.18 [0.02]	1.71 [0.03]	1.21 [0.09]	41.93 [9.99]	0.19 [0.03]
Master's in business-related fields	1.31 [0.04]	1.11 [0.06]	18.11 [6.89]	0.16 [0.03]	1.75 [0.03]	1.53 [0.10]	14.01 [7.88]	0.14 [0.04]
MBA	1.24 [0.02]	1.17 [0.04]	6.58 [3.42]	0.09 [0.02]	1.59 [0.02]	1.51 [0.03]	5.43 [2.15]	0.09 [0.01]
Master's in nursing	1.26 [0.02]	1.22 [0.04]	3.79 [3.88]	0.08 [0.02]	1.90 [0.07]	1.25 [0.15]	52.03 [19.57]	0.31 [0.08]
Master's in engineering	1.38 [0.02]	1.34 [0.05]	3.01 [3.99]	0.09 [0.07 [†]]	1.66 [0.01]	1.48 [0.03]	12.35 [2.22]	0.20 [0.02]
Master's in health services administration	1.17 [0.04]	0.97 [0.11]	19.80 [12.96]	0.16 [0.08 [†]]	1.45 [0.07]	1.26 [0.13]	14.70 [11.89]	0.14 [0.10 [†]]
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	1.23 [0.02]	1.03 [0.07]	19.55 [8.81]	0.26 [0.08]	1.60 [0.02]	1.42 [0.05]	13.11 [4.03]	0.21 [0.04]
Master's in public administration	1.04 [0.04]	0.97 [0.06]	7.03 [6.35]	0.10 [0.05 [†]]	1.27 [0.04]	1.13 [0.07]	12.68 [6.87]	0.13 [0.07 [†]]
Master's in other science and engineering-related fields	1.08 [0.04]	1.09 [0.09]	-0.28 [8.43]	0.05 [0.24 [†]]	1.34 [0.03]	1.43 [0.08]	-6.24 [5.26]	-0.40 [0.21 [†]]
Master's in physical and related sciences	1.02 [0.03]	0.92 [0.06]	10.91 [7.80]	0.18 [0.08]	1.26 [0.03]	1.01 [0.07]	24.88 [9.21]	0.32 [0.08]
Master's in health-related fields	1.05 [0.02]	0.83 [0.05]	26.41 [7.38]	0.19 [0.03]	1.39 [0.04]	1.33 [0.10]	4.44 [7.32]	0.08 [0.10 [†]]
Master's in other social and related sciences	1.00 [0.02]	0.89 [0.06]	12.05 [7.93]	0.19 [0.08]	1.27 [0.03]	1.16 [0.09]	9.71 [9.73]	0.17 [0.11 [†]]
Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	0.93 [0.02]	0.83 [0.07]	11.51 [9.98]	0.18 [0.11 [†]]	1.13 [0.04]	1.00 [0.10]	13.04 [11.48]	0.21 [0.16 [†]]
Master's in biological/agricultural/ environmental/life sciences	0.94 [0.01]	0.81 [0.05]	15.75 [6.80]	0.22 [0.07]	1.05 [0.02]	0.84 [0.05]	24.87 [7.30]	0.31 [0.06]
Master's in education fields	0.92 [0.01]	0.78 [0.02]	17.70 [2.37]	0.24 [0.02]	1.07 [0.01]	0.97 [0.03]	10.26 [3.06]	0.17 [0.03]
Master's in psychology and social work	0.84 [0.01]	0.78 [0.03]	8.72 [3.67]	0.10 [0.02]	1.00 [0.02]	0.90 [0.05]	10.81 [6.51]	0.12 [0.03]
Master's in humanity fields	0.83 [0.02]	0.76 [0.05]	8.66 [6.98]	0.15 [0.12 [†]]	0.87 [0.03]	0.91 [0.08]	-3.71 [8.04]	-0.04 [0.22 [†]]
Master's in arts	0.77 [0.04]	0.88 [0.08]	-13.05 [8.62]	-0.40 [0.21 [†]]	0.94 [0.04]	1.12 [0.13]	-16.54 [9.85]	-0.40 [0.22 [†]]

Note: This table reports the same statistics as Table 7 for the earnings model (3), which excludes post-advanced degree experience regression coefficients. The regressions specifications are in Table 2, column 1 for female and column 5 for male.

Table A10: Internal Rate of Return to Advanced Degrees by Gender: public institution with zero earnings when enrolled, OLS

	Female				Male			
	PDV actual	PDV counter-factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR	PDV actual	PDV counter-factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Medicine	1.53 [0.03]	0.93 [0.01]	65.06 [3.63]	0.19 [0.01]	2.18 [0.03]	1.19 [0.01]	83.43 [2.76]	0.23 [0.00]
Law	1.36 [0.03]	0.92 [0.01]	48.13 [3.40]	0.19 [0.01]	1.73 [0.03]	1.25 [0.01]	38.46 [2.49]	0.18 [0.01]
Master's in business-related fields	1.29 [0.04]	0.99 [0.01]	30.13 [3.53]	0.21 [0.02]	1.74 [0.03]	1.35 [0.01]	29.35 [2.25]	0.22 [0.01]
MBA	1.23 [0.02]	0.99 [0.01]	24.77 [2.37]	0.18 [0.01]	1.58 [0.02]	1.36 [0.01]	16.53 [1.35]	0.15 [0.01]
Master's in nursing	1.26 [0.02]	1.08 [0.01]	17.22 [1.84]	0.15 [0.01]	1.90 [0.07]	1.21 [0.03]	57.07 [6.30]	0.33 [0.03]
Master's in engineering	1.37 [0.02]	1.19 [0.02]	15.03 [2.06]	0.22 [0.02]	1.66 [0.01]	1.50 [0.01]	10.69 [0.74]	0.18 [0.01]
Master's in health services administration	1.16 [0.04]	0.95 [0.01]	21.91 [4.07]	0.17 [0.02]	1.45 [0.07]	1.21 [0.02]	20.47 [6.47]	0.17 [0.03]
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	1.23 [0.02]	1.04 [0.01]	18.64 [2.18]	0.25 [0.02]	1.61 [0.02]	1.38 [0.01]	16.17 [1.32]	0.24 [0.01]
Master's in public administration	1.04 [0.04]	0.91 [0.01]	14.12 [4.39]	0.14 [0.02]	1.27 [0.04]	1.23 [0.01]	3.68 [3.42]	0.08 [0.03]
Master's in other science and engineering-related fields	1.07 [0.04]	0.99 [0.02]	8.43 [4.37]	0.15 [0.06 [†]]	1.34 [0.03]	1.30 [0.02]	2.93 [2.41]	0.09 [0.04]
Master's in physical and related sciences	1.03 [0.03]	0.96 [0.02]	6.82 [3.37]	0.14 [0.04]	1.26 [0.03]	1.25 [0.01]	0.41 [2.13]	0.06 [0.03]
Master's in health-related fields	1.04 [0.02]	0.92 [0.01]	12.37 [1.88]	0.12 [0.01]	1.38 [0.03]	1.19 [0.01]	16.19 [2.93]	0.15 [0.02]
Master's in other social and related sciences	1.00 [0.02]	0.90 [0.01]	11.19 [2.21]	0.18 [0.02]	1.27 [0.03]	1.23 [0.01]	3.61 [2.65]	0.10 [0.04]
Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	0.93 [0.02]	0.88 [0.01]	5.03 [2.41]	0.11 [0.03]	1.14 [0.04]	1.17 [0.01]	-2.59 [3.12]	-0.00 [0.17 [†]]
Master's in biological/agricultural/environmental/life sciences	0.93 [0.01]	0.91 [0.01]	2.17 [1.57]	0.08 [0.02]	1.05 [0.02]	1.16 [0.01]	-9.44 [1.96]	-0.40 [0.12 [†]]
Master's in education fields	0.92 [0.01]	0.84 [0.01]	9.87 [1.14]	0.17 [0.01]	1.08 [0.01]	1.13 [0.01]	-4.66 [1.26]	-0.40 [0.05 [†]]
Master's in psychology and social work	0.84 [0.01]	0.85 [0.01]	-1.15 [1.17]	0.04 [0.01]	1.00 [0.02]	1.12 [0.01]	-11.01 [1.72]	-0.40 [0.14 [†]]
Master's in humanity fields	0.84 [0.02]	0.88 [0.01]	-4.55 [2.20]	-0.06 [0.09 [†]]	0.88 [0.03]	1.15 [0.01]	-23.60 [2.09]	-0.40 [0.00 [†]]
Master's in arts	0.78 [0.04]	0.84 [0.01]	-7.86 [4.44]	-0.03 [0.19 [†]]	0.93 [0.04]	1.08 [0.03]	-13.69 [4.00]	-0.40 [0.13 [†]]

Note: This table reports the same statistics as Table 8 for earnings model (1), which excludes post graduate degree experience coefficients.

Table A11: Internal Rate of Return to Advanced Degrees by Gender: public institution with estimated earnings when enrolled, FEG with post-adv experience

	Female				Male			
	PDV actual	PDV counter-factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR	PDV actual	PDV counter-factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Medicine	1.56 [0.04]	1.10 [0.13]	41.78 [19.14]	0.12 [0.03]	2.04 [0.03]	1.21 [0.10]	68.58 [13.07]	0.17 [0.02]
Law	1.38 [0.03]	0.92 [0.05]	50.44 [7.00]	0.18 [0.02]	1.69 [0.03]	1.19 [0.09]	41.78 [9.89]	0.18 [0.03]
Master's in business-related fields	1.37 [0.04]	1.09 [0.06]	25.54 [7.19]	0.22 [0.06]	1.81 [0.03]	1.51 [0.09]	20.13 [8.06]	0.22 [0.22 [†]]
MBA	1.35 [0.03]	1.14 [0.04]	18.09 [3.72]	0.20 [0.06]	1.68 [0.02]	1.48 [0.03]	13.81 [2.24]	0.21 [0.04]
Master's in nursing	1.33 [0.02]	1.21 [0.04]	9.21 [4.06]	0.17 [0.06]	1.96 [0.11]	1.24 [0.15]	58.39 [22.00]	0.43 [0.18 [†]]
Master's in engineering	1.42 [0.02]	1.29 [0.05]	10.47 [4.23]	0.12 [0.04]	1.68 [0.01]	1.45 [0.03]	15.69 [2.18]	0.23 [0.06]
Master's in health services administration	1.25 [0.04]	0.96 [0.12]	30.06 [14.18]	0.29 [0.19 [†]]	1.53 [0.07]	1.24 [0.12]	23.72 [12.32]	0.30 [0.21 [†]]
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	1.23 [0.02]	1.02 [0.07]	21.12 [8.83]	0.25 [0.26 [†]]	1.62 [0.02]	1.40 [0.05]	16.09 [4.25]	0.25 [0.10]
Master's in public administration	1.09 [0.04]	0.95 [0.05]	15.07 [6.83]	0.15 [0.07 [†]]	1.33 [0.04]	1.11 [0.07]	19.77 [7.03]	0.22 [0.10 [†]]
Master's in other science and engineering-related fields	1.03 [0.04]	1.04 [0.09]	-0.94 [8.58]	0.05 [0.05]	1.28 [0.03]	1.41 [0.08]	-9.24 [5.39]	-0.01 [0.04]
Master's in physical and related sciences	1.03 [0.03]	0.90 [0.06]	14.33 [7.71]	0.13 [0.05]	1.23 [0.02]	0.97 [0.06]	26.40 [9.01]	0.23 [0.22 [†]]
Master's in health-related fields	1.04 [0.02]	0.81 [0.05]	27.95 [7.53]	0.23 [0.05]	1.40 [0.04]	1.29 [0.09]	7.80 [7.54]	0.09 [0.06 [†]]
Master's in other social and related sciences	0.99 [0.02]	0.87 [0.06]	13.14 [7.96]	0.13 [0.07]	1.25 [0.03]	1.13 [0.09]	10.37 [9.54]	0.14 [0.14 [†]]
Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	0.92 [0.02]	0.81 [0.06]	14.39 [10.01]	0.16 [0.21 [†]]	1.15 [0.04]	0.98 [0.10]	17.08 [12.07]	0.50 [0.34 [†]]
Master's in biological/agricultural/environmental/life sciences	0.93 [0.01]	0.78 [0.05]	19.61 [6.80]	0.19 [0.09]	1.03 [0.02]	0.81 [0.05]	26.80 [7.28]	0.20 [0.06]
Master's in education fields	0.92 [0.01]	0.76 [0.01]	20.61 [2.35]	0.31 [0.06]	1.07 [0.01]	0.95 [0.03]	12.52 [3.05]	0.20 [0.08]
Master's in psychology and social work	0.88 [0.01]	0.76 [0.02]	15.76 [3.88]	0.14 [0.03]	1.03 [0.02]	0.89 [0.05]	15.98 [6.59]	0.15 [0.05]
Master's in humanity fields	0.82 [0.02]	0.75 [0.05]	10.06 [6.92]	0.13 [0.09 [†]]	0.87 [0.02]	0.89 [0.07]	-2.64 [7.86]	0.02 [0.13 [†]]
Master's in arts	0.78 [0.04]	0.86 [0.08]	-8.61 [10.22]	-0.02 [0.22 [†]]	0.94 [0.04]	1.08 [0.13]	-12.73 [12.52]	-0.04 [0.14 [†]]

Note: This table reports the same statistics as Table 7 without the full-time enrollment assumption.

Table A12: Internal Rate of Return to Advanced Degrees by Gender: public institution with estimated earnings when enrolled, OLS with post-adv experience

	Female				Male			
	PDV actual	PDV counter-factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR	PDV actual	PDV counter-factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Medicine	1.55 [0.04]	0.92 [0.01]	67.84 [3.74]	0.16 [0.00]	2.04 [0.03]	1.20 [0.01]	70.77 [2.62]	0.17 [0.01]
Law	1.38 [0.03]	0.92 [0.01]	50.07 [3.41]	0.18 [0.01]	1.70 [0.03]	1.25 [0.01]	35.51 [2.45]	0.16 [0.01]
Master's in business-related fields	1.35 [0.04]	0.99 [0.01]	36.50 [3.70]	0.30 [0.06]	1.81 [0.03]	1.35 [0.01]	33.62 [2.16]	0.39 [0.25 [†]]
MBA	1.34 [0.03]	0.99 [0.01]	35.34 [2.41]	0.50 [0.21 [†]]	1.68 [0.02]	1.37 [0.01]	22.79 [1.29]	0.35 [0.05]
Master's in nursing	1.33 [0.02]	1.08 [0.01]	23.16 [1.86]	0.33 [0.05]	1.97 [0.11]	1.22 [0.03]	61.91 [9.47]	0.45 [0.11 [†]]
Master's in engineering	1.42 [0.02]	1.19 [0.02]	19.98 [2.06]	0.18 [0.03]	1.68 [0.01]	1.51 [0.01]	11.48 [0.65]	0.17 [0.02]
Master's in health services administration	1.25 [0.04]	0.95 [0.01]	30.72 [3.80]	0.30 [0.06]	1.54 [0.07]	1.21 [0.02]	27.32 [6.20]	0.30 [0.15 [†]]
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	1.23 [0.02]	1.04 [0.01]	18.98 [2.09]	0.22 [0.06]	1.63 [0.02]	1.39 [0.01]	17.14 [1.32]	0.25 [0.04]
Master's in public administration	1.09 [0.04]	0.91 [0.01]	20.00 [4.06]	0.19 [0.03]	1.33 [0.04]	1.23 [0.01]	7.90 [3.22]	0.11 [0.03]
Master's in other science and engineering-related fields	1.02 [0.04]	0.99 [0.02]	3.09 [3.79]	0.06 [0.02]	1.27 [0.03]	1.31 [0.02]	-2.67 [2.27]	0.04 [0.01]
Master's in physical and related sciences	1.03 [0.03]	0.96 [0.01]	7.51 [2.99]	0.09 [0.02]	1.23 [0.02]	1.26 [0.01]	-2.33 [1.74]	0.04 [0.01]
Master's in health-related fields	1.03 [0.02]	0.92 [0.01]	12.02 [1.95]	0.14 [0.01]	1.39 [0.03]	1.20 [0.01]	15.72 [2.84]	0.13 [0.01]
Master's in other social and related sciences	0.99 [0.02]	0.90 [0.01]	10.00 [2.14]	0.11 [0.02]	1.25 [0.03]	1.24 [0.01]	1.20 [2.08]	0.06 [0.02]
Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	0.92 [0.02]	0.89 [0.01]	4.07 [2.27]	0.08 [0.02]	1.16 [0.04]	1.17 [0.01]	-1.31 [3.07]	0.03 [0.06 [†]]
Master's in biological/agricultural/environmental/life sciences	0.93 [0.01]	0.91 [0.01]	2.07 [1.55]	0.06 [0.01]	1.03 [0.02]	1.17 [0.01]	-12.30 [1.68]	-0.05 [0.03]
Master's in education fields	0.93 [0.01]	0.84 [0.01]	10.30 [1.02]	0.15 [0.01]	1.08 [0.01]	1.14 [0.01]	-5.11 [1.11]	-0.00 [0.02]
Master's in psychology and social work	0.88 [0.01]	0.85 [0.01]	3.49 [1.17]	0.07 [0.01]	1.03 [0.02]	1.13 [0.01]	-8.54 [1.61]	-0.02 [0.06 [†]]
Master's in humanity fields	0.83 [0.02]	0.88 [0.01]	-5.74 [2.15]	0.00 [0.18 [†]]	0.87 [0.02]	1.16 [0.01]	-24.67 [1.88]	-0.40 [0.05 [†]]
Master's in arts	0.79 [0.04]	0.84 [0.01]	-6.21 [4.78]	0.01 [0.14 [†]]	0.93 [0.04]	1.08 [0.03]	-13.50 [3.87]	-0.05 [0.11 [†]]

Note: This table reports the same statistics as Table 8 with estimated earnings when enrolled.

Table A13: Internal Rate of Return to Advanced Degrees by Gender: private institution with zero earnings when enrolled, FEcg with post-adv experience

	Female				Male			
	PDV actual	PDV counter-factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR	PDV actual	PDV counter-factual	%Gain in PDV	IRR
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Medicine	1.47 [0.03]	1.10 [0.13]	33.67 [18.02]	0.10 [0.02]	1.94 [0.03]	1.21 [0.10]	60.54 [12.46]	0.13 [0.01]
Law	1.32 [0.03]	0.92 [0.05]	43.16 [6.59]	0.14 [0.01]	1.61 [0.03]	1.19 [0.09]	35.74 [9.38]	0.14 [0.02]
Master's in business-related fields	1.31 [0.04]	1.09 [0.06]	19.56 [6.92]	0.13 [0.02]	1.71 [0.03]	1.51 [0.09]	13.17 [7.58]	0.11 [0.03]
MBA	1.27 [0.03]	1.14 [0.04]	11.09 [3.65]	0.09 [0.01]	1.59 [0.02]	1.48 [0.03]	7.53 [2.16]	0.09 [0.01]
Master's in nursing	1.25 [0.02]	1.21 [0.04]	2.69 [3.88]	0.07 [0.02]	1.93 [0.12]	1.24 [0.15]	56.17 [22.46]	0.28 [0.06]
Master's in engineering	1.44 [0.03]	1.29 [0.05]	12.08 [4.35]	0.12 [0.02]	1.67 [0.01]	1.45 [0.03]	15.06 [2.23]	0.16 [0.01]
Master's in health services administration	1.19 [0.04]	0.96 [0.12]	23.86 [13.55]	0.14 [0.05]	1.46 [0.07]	1.24 [0.12]	17.70 [12.17]	0.13 [0.06†]
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	1.23 [0.02]	1.02 [0.07]	21.19 [8.70]	0.20 [0.05]	1.62 [0.02]	1.40 [0.05]	15.55 [4.21]	0.18 [0.03]
Master's in public administration	1.04 [0.04]	0.95 [0.05]	9.19 [6.60]	0.09 [0.04†]	1.26 [0.04]	1.11 [0.07]	13.69 [6.73]	0.10 [0.03]
Master's in other science and engineering-related fields	1.10 [0.04]	1.04 [0.09]	5.80 [9.09]	0.08 [0.05]	1.31 [0.03]	1.41 [0.08]	-7.16 [5.46]	0.01 [0.04]
Master's in physical and related sciences	1.05 [0.03]	0.90 [0.06]	16.37 [7.95]	0.14 [0.04]	1.25 [0.02]	0.97 [0.06]	28.46 [9.08]	0.20 [0.05]
Master's in health-related fields	1.02 [0.02]	0.81 [0.05]	25.15 [7.38]	0.18 [0.03]	1.39 [0.04]	1.29 [0.09]	7.39 [7.52]	0.09 [0.06†]
Master's in other social and related sciences	1.01 [0.02]	0.87 [0.06]	16.03 [8.04]	0.15 [0.05]	1.27 [0.03]	1.13 [0.09]	11.87 [9.76]	0.13 [0.07]
Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	0.93 [0.02]	0.81 [0.06]	14.67 [9.95]	0.14 [0.06]	1.13 [0.04]	0.98 [0.10]	15.12 [11.96]	0.17 [0.09]
Master's in biological/agricultural/environmental/life sciences	0.94 [0.01]	0.78 [0.05]	21.10 [6.79]	0.18 [0.04]	1.06 [0.02]	0.81 [0.05]	30.54 [7.52]	0.22 [0.04]
Master's in education fields	0.91 [0.01]	0.76 [0.01]	19.64 [2.39]	0.18 [0.01]	1.06 [0.01]	0.95 [0.03]	11.69 [3.05]	0.13 [0.02]
Master's in psychology and social work	0.85 [0.01]	0.76 [0.02]	11.33 [3.74]	0.09 [0.01]	0.99 [0.02]	0.89 [0.05]	11.19 [6.36]	0.09 [0.02]
Master's in humanity fields	0.83 [0.02]	0.75 [0.05]	10.89 [7.15]	0.12 [0.06†]	0.87 [0.03]	0.89 [0.07]	-2.32 [8.05]	0.03 [0.10†]
Master's in arts	0.76 [0.04]	0.86 [0.08]	-11.61 [9.49]	-0.03 [0.21†]	0.91 [0.04]	1.08 [0.13]	-15.73 [12.06]	-0.04 [0.13†]

Note: This table reports the same statistics as Table 7 using the tuition rates from private institution.

Table A14: Effect of advanced degrees on job satisfactions, part 1

	Overall		Opportunities for Advancement		Benefit		Intellectual Challenges	
	Female (1)	Male (2)	Female (3)	Male (4)	Female (5)	Male (6)	Female (7)	Male (8)
Medicine	.571 (.376)	.466 (.346)	-.053 (.322)	1.16 (.46)	-.695 (.731)	-.338 (.538)	.741 (.261)	1.4 (.537)
Law	.327 (.149)	-.0374 (.434)	.323 (.418)	.0352 (.409)	.0119 (.262)	-.302 (.303)	1.43 (.478)	.885 (.356)
Master's in business-related fields	.184 (.344)	.247 (.124)	.276 (.257)	.614 (.222)	.241 (.378)	.185 (.349)	-.0592 (.287)	.22 (.283)
MBA	-.221 (.128)	.222 (.0902)	.114 (.145)	-.00367 (.107)	-.128 (.168)	.0689 (.101)	-.247 (.173)	.257 (.11)
Master's in nursing	.00781 (.159)	-.106 (.57)	-.282 (.223)	-.724 (.521)	-.0626 (.208)	.678 (.426)	.00454 (.22)	-4.65 (.206)
Master's in engineering	.0124 (.184)	-.147 (.101)	-.0551 (.199)	.0448 (.144)	.0678 (.21)	-.34 (.135)	.0707 (.205)	-.025 (.162)
Master's in health services administration	-.351 (.276)	-.811 (.465)	-.148 (.391)	-1.48 (.536)	.0398 (.333)	.583 (.261)	.363 (.275)	.384 (.334)
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	.0965 (.236)	.0476 (.137)	.284 (.122)	.0445 (.148)	.309 (.258)	-.185 (.188)	-.0395 (.301)	.0683 (.145)
Master's in public administration	.0458 (.266)	.154 (.186)	-.387 (.332)	.747 (.349)	.306 (.269)	.762 (.373)	.321 (.322)	.996 (.391)
Master's in other science and engineering-related fields	.161 (.476)	.683 (.199)	-.314 (.672)	.99 (.348)	-.864 (.591)	.288 (.347)	1.74 (.652)	.404 (.295)
Master's in physical and related sciences	-.61 (.234)	.0835 (.366)	.123 (.187)	-.0498 (.431)	.255 (.23)	-.516 (.356)	.156 (.254)	-.643 (.334)
Master's in health-related fields	.254 (.125)	.186 (.291)	.223 (.165)	.356 (.308)	.176 (.165)	.359 (.315)	.239 (.182)	.0757 (.243)
Master's in other social and related sciences	-.121 (.258)	-.188 (.231)	.0172 (.232)	.357 (.225)	-.109 (.281)	-.346 (.231)	-.156 (.253)	-.159 (.225)
Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	.182 (.169)	-.639 (.383)	.603 (.376)	-.134 (.354)	.342 (.297)	-.619 (.383)	.0444 (.441)	-.418 (.45)
Master's in biological/agricultural/ environmental/life sciences	-.242 (.177)	.0993 (.297)	.0779 (.195)	.859 (.334)	-.0968 (.195)	.00586 (.301)	-.0363 (.295)	.589 (.205)
Master's in education fields	-.0645 (.0989)	.0372 (.142)	-.199 (.132)	-.156 (.162)	.0785 (.111)	-.199 (.119)	-.14 (.121)	-.184 (.167)
Master's in psychology and social work	.127 (.132)	-.143 (.224)	.251 (.143)	.0624 (.275)	.305 (.166)	.727 (.34)	.14 (.135)	.145 (.38)
Master's in humanity fields	-.206 (.41)	.567 (.284)	-.436 (.399)	.175 (.348)	.0411 (.287)	-.247 (.313)	.097 (.394)	.558 (.354)
Master's in arts	.927 (.316)	1.32 (.62)	-.466 (.272)	2.17 (.845)	-1.85 (.551)	2.25 (.735)	1.85 (.358)	6.19 (.426)

Note: The table reports estimates of the effect of completing advanced degrees on job satisfaction from various perspective using an ordered Probit regression. Sample weights are used. Standard errors are clustered by person. The dependent variable takes 4 values and in the order of: very satisfied, somewhat satisfied, somewhat dissatisfied, and very dissatisfied. Columns 1-2 report the overall satisfaction, columns 3-4 the satisfaction on opportunities for advancement, columns 5-6 the job benefits, and columns 7-8 the intellectual challenge.

Table A15: Effect of advanced degrees on job satisfactions, part 2

	Degree of Independence		Level of Responsibility		Salary		Contribution to the Society	
	Female (1)	Male (2)	Female (3)	Male (4)	Female (5)	Male (6)	Female (7)	Male (8)
Medicine	.607 (.34)	.791 (.54)	1.2 (.264)	.83 (.332)	.216 (.138)	.764 (.403)	.818 (.845)	.571 (.376)
Law	.421 (.484)	.416 (.356)	.903 (.309)	.883 (.332)	.339 (.428)	.286 (.41)	.25 (.334)	-.417 (.331)
Master's in business-related fields	-.439 (.26)	-.403 (.227)	-.0319 (.326)	.0685 (.23)	.576 (.288)	1.05 (.227)	-.222 (.249)	-.328 (.299)
MBA	-.162 (.167)	.252 (.117)	-.0238 (.173)	.29 (.116)	.214 (.169)	.167 (.119)	-.119 (.181)	.303 (.113)
Master's in nursing	.196 (.181)	-.465 (.651)	.138 (.2)	-4.8 (.246)	.0447 (.161)	.0715 (.452)	-.0586 (.222)	-4.49 (.264)
Master's in engineering	.103 (.2)	-.038 (.127)	-.025 (.19)	-.113 (.131)	.0104 (.146)	-.27 (.127)	.0551 (.184)	-.00148 (.123)
Master's in health services administration	.0854 (.268)	.0174 (.439)	.269 (.228)	-.0421 (.443)	-.0888 (.226)	.292 (.278)	.463 (.391)	. (.)
Master's in computer and mathematical sciences	.306 (.266)	-.0634 (.187)	.395 (.342)	.0788 (.157)	.00636 (.222)	.214 (.18)	.0648 (.254)	.0772 (.125)
Master's in public administration	-.234 (.272)	.998 (.42)	.217 (.34)	.54 (.265)	.454 (.308)	.432 (.372)	-.216 (.429)	-.0861 (.423)
Master's in other science and engineering-related fields	.264 (.452)	.464 (.491)	.153 (.488)	.166 (.326)	.392 (.456)	-.176 (.333)	.867 (.26)	.163 (.295)
Master's in physical and related sciences	-.495 (.366)	-.342 (.355)	-.572 (.431)	-.338 (.356)	.25 (.29)	-.123 (.471)	.182 (.224)	-.441 (.355)
Master's in health-related fields	.372 (.167)	.797 (.537)	.255 (.188)	.473 (.278)	.263 (.136)	-.0104 (.224)	.255 (.164)	.228 (.358)
Master's in other social and related sciences	-.204 (.239)	-.219 (.231)	.0314 (.173)	-.152 (.221)	.0442 (.168)	-.397 (.271)	-.143 (.254)	.000571 (.324)
Master's in other non-science and engineering fields	-.238 (.324)	-.434 (.416)	.0297 (.223)	-.319 (.447)	.576 (.356)	-.5 (.527)	-.0702 (.387)	-.246 (.525)
Master's in biological/agricultural/environmental/life sciences	-.262 (.234)	.974 (.36)	.229 (.26)	.847 (.3)	.127 (.224)	-.0458 (.314)	-.0326 (.238)	.578 (.348)
Master's in education fields	-.0984 (.118)	-.292 (.191)	.0866 (.131)	-.0769 (.199)	.0241 (.0965)	.177 (.155)	-.0382 (.148)	-.12 (.178)
Master's in psychology and social work	-.154 (.184)	.294 (.457)	.281 (.166)	-.0843 (.344)	.147 (.176)	.079 (.258)	.235 (.17)	.926 (.493)
Master's in humanity fields	.091 (.451)	.757 (.46)	.0438 (.381)	.354 (.246)	.105 (.213)	.191 (.411)	.442 (.338)	.411 (.338)
Master's in arts	.2 (.497)	2.46 (.557)	1.28 (.43)	11.6 (.395)	-1.17 (.457)	2.21 (.778)	.344 (.286)	-.475 (.466)

Note: The table conducts the same regression design as Table A14. Columns 1-2 report the satisfaction on degree of independence, columns 3-4 the level of responsibility, columns 5-6 the salary, and columns 7-8 the contribution to society.